

# Search for charged Higgs Bosons with the ATLAS detector

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on behalf of the ATLAS collaboration*

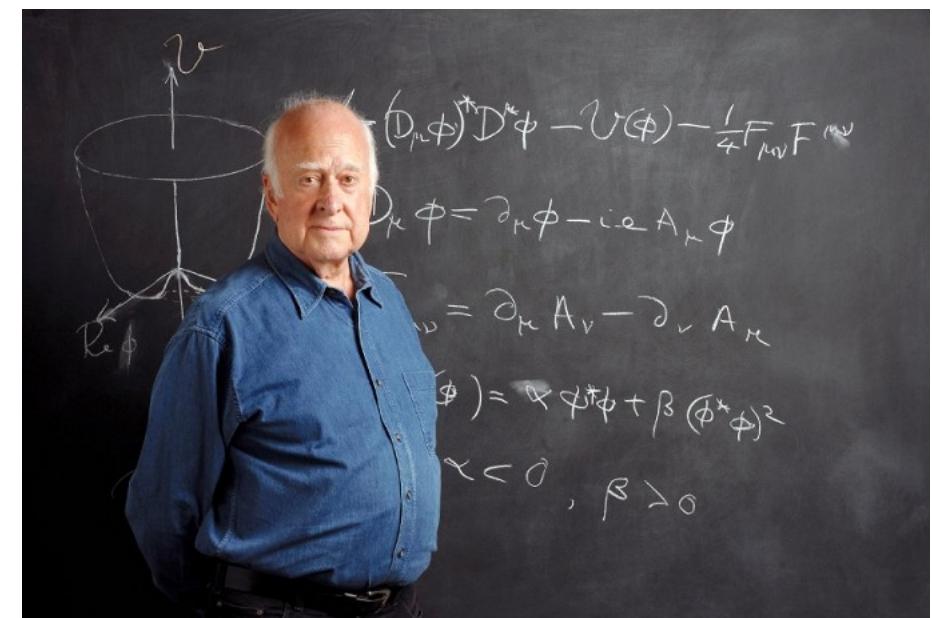
*SUSY17 Conference,  
Mumbai (India), 11-15 Dec., 2017*

# Motivation

- After the discovery of the 125 GeV Higgs resonance the SM is complete.
- As many things remain unexplained in the SM, BSM theories are very plausible, as SUSY.
- An **extended Higgs sector** is very common in most BSM theories.
- **2HDM (Minimal extension giving rise to charged scalars):** Two complex scalar doublets with 5 Higgs bosons:
  - 2 CP-even Higgs bosons ( $h, H$ ), one of which is the discovered 125 GeV resonance
  - 1 CP-odd pseudoscalar ( $A$ )
  - Two charged Higgs bosons ( $H^\pm$ )

$\tan\beta$  is the ratio of the vacuum expectation values (vev) of the two doublets and  $\alpha$  is the mixing angle between the two CP-even Higgs bosons.

MSSM is a special case of 2HDM: “type II” with fixed mixing between  $h$  and  $H$ .



# Motivation

- More complex extensions: Add Higgs triplet to SM

## 10 Higgs bosons,

## 4 charged $H^\pm, H^{\pm\pm}$ (Doubly charged Higgs bosons)

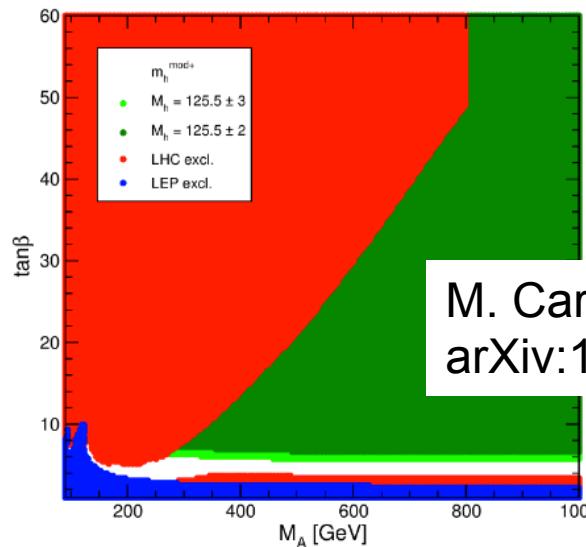
## Other extensions with $H^{\pm\pm}$ :

- left-right symmetric models,
- little Higgs model,
- type-II see-saw models,
- Georgi-Machacek model.
- Scalar singlet dark matter,
- Zee-Babu neutrino mass model.

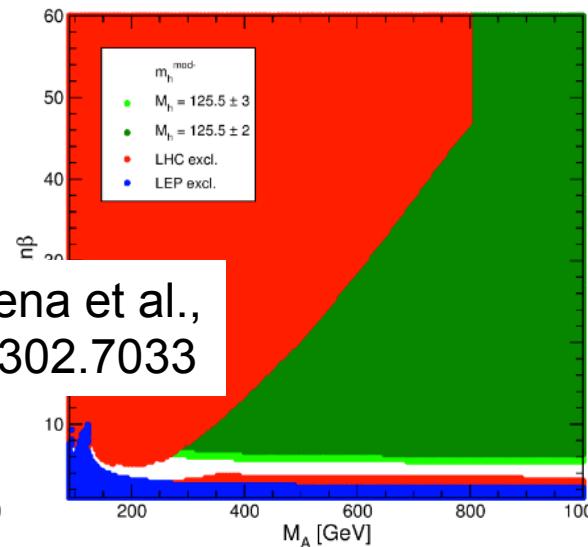


# ATLAS search for $H^\pm$

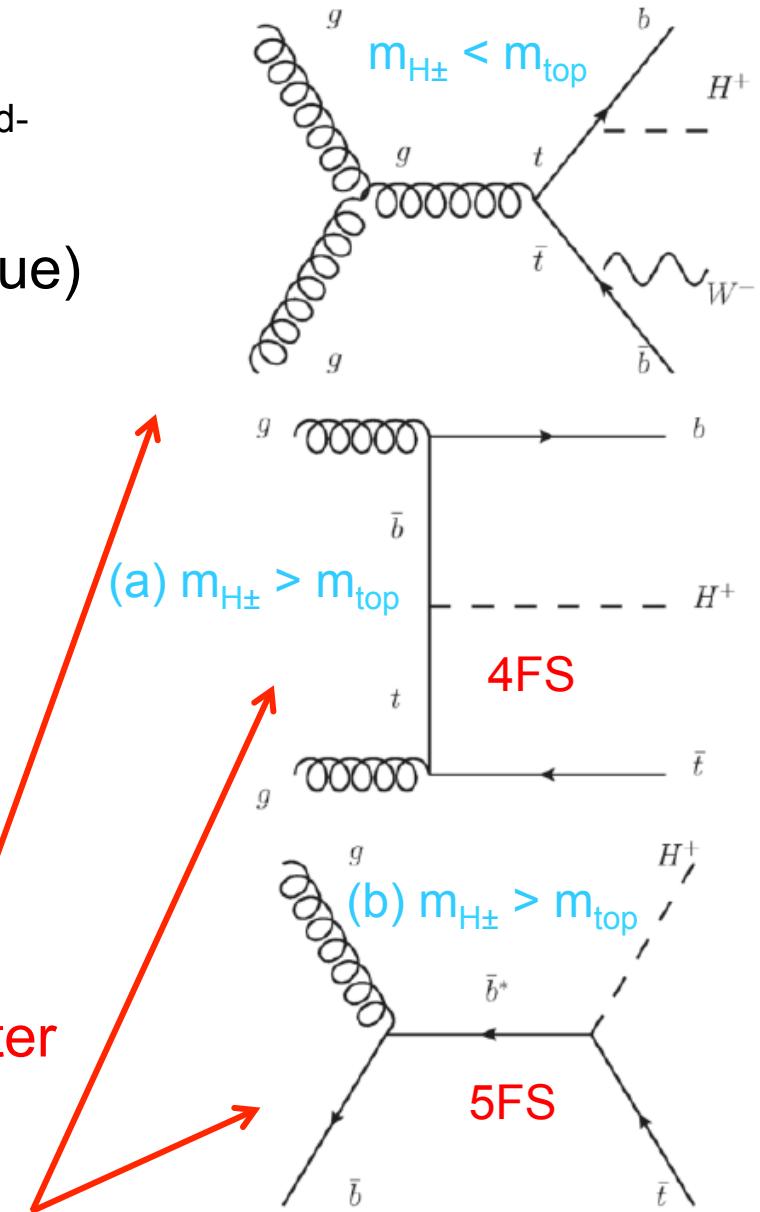
- The  $m_A$ - $\tan\beta$  plane in the  $m_h^{\text{mod}+}$  (left) and  $m_h^{\text{mod}-}$  (right) scenarios. The colors show exclusion regions from LEP (blue) and the LHC (red), and the favoured region  $M_h = 125.5 \pm 2(3)$  GeV (green).



M. Carena et al.,  
arXiv:1302.7033



- The decay  $H^\pm \rightarrow \tau \nu$  is relevant in a large parameter range, specially for low  $m_{H^\pm}$  (below  $m_{\text{top}}$ )
- For  $m_{H^\pm}$  above  $m_{\text{top}}$  (searches presented here)  $H^\pm \rightarrow tb$  is the predominant decay



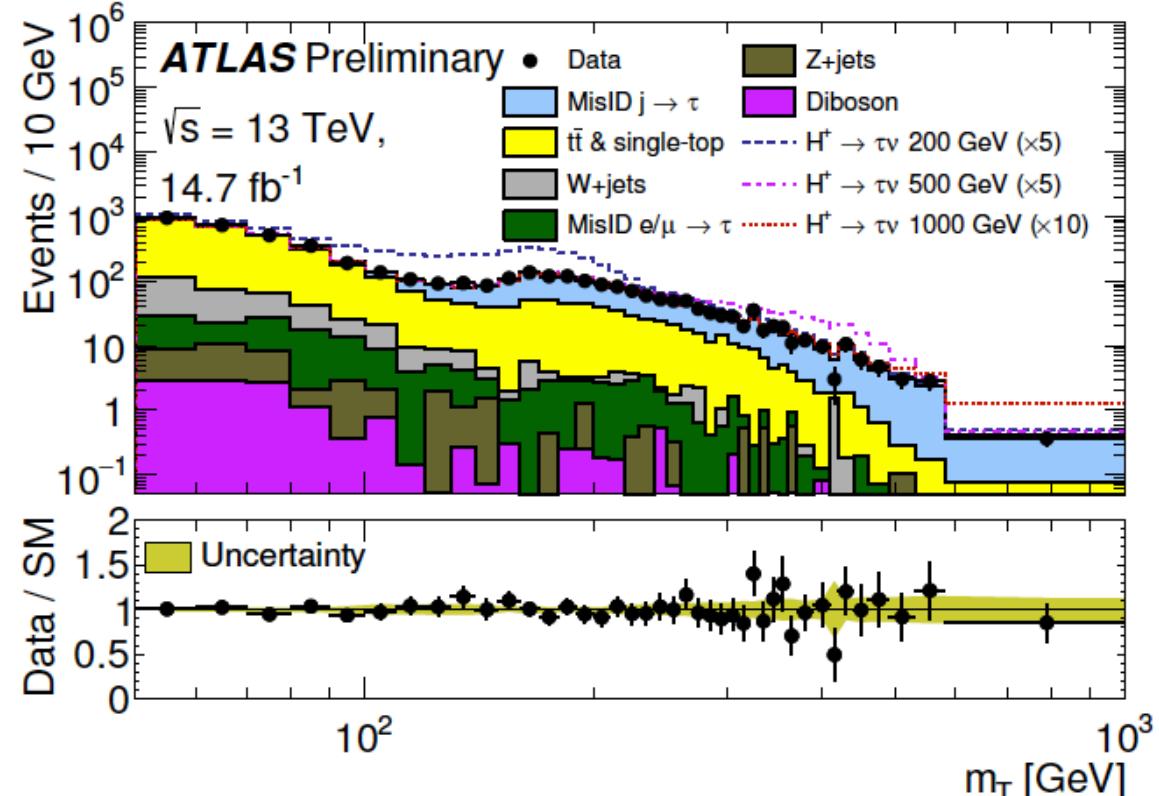
# Search for $H^\pm \rightarrow \tau\nu$

- Strategy:
  - “tau+jets” channel: one hadronic  $\tau$  and jets from the hadronic top.
  - $200 \leq m_{H^\pm} \leq 2000 \text{ GeV}$
  - Discriminating variable

$$m_T = \sqrt{2p_T^\tau E_T^{\text{miss}} (1 - \cos \Delta\phi_{\tau, E_T^{\text{miss}}})}$$

- Signal selection:
  - $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  trigger
  - 1 hadronic  $\tau$  ( $p_T > 40 \text{ GeV}$ )
  - $\geq 3$  jets ( $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$ ),  
of which  $\geq 1$  b-tagged (70% eff).
  - Veto  $e, \mu$
  - $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 150 \text{ GeV}$

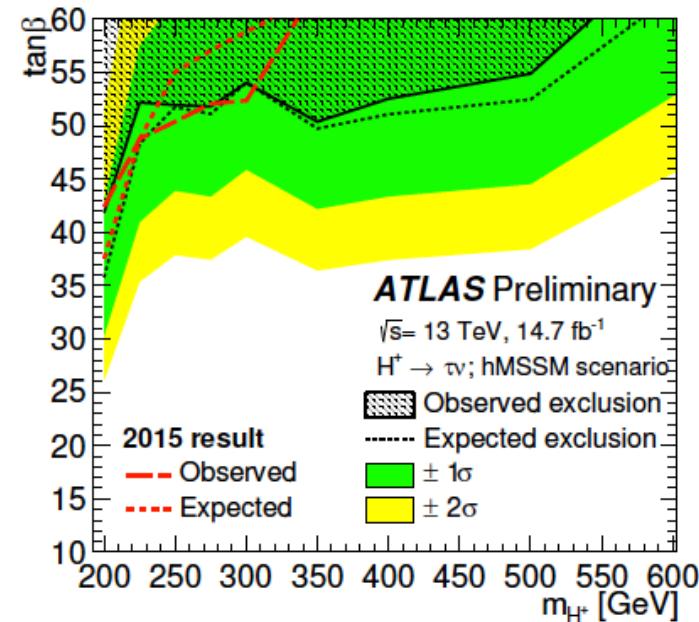
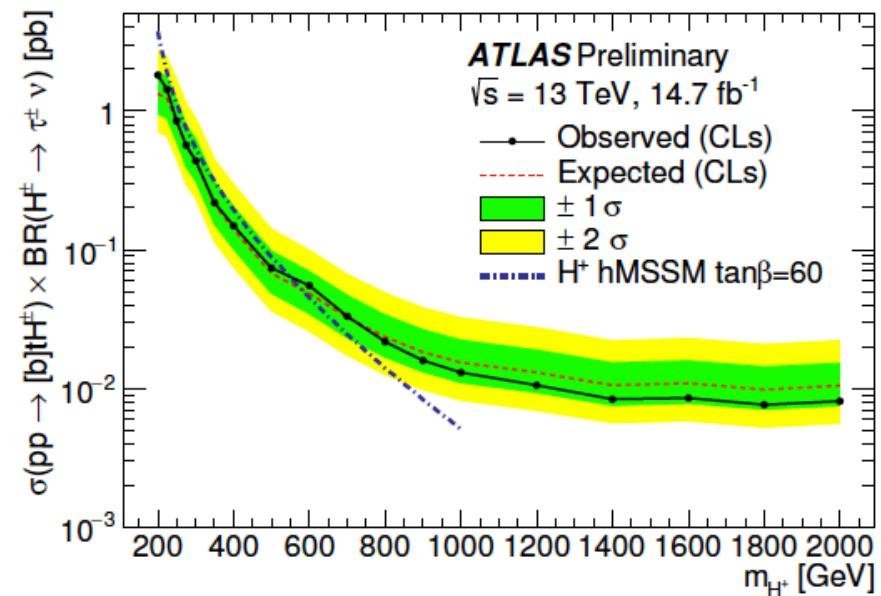
- Backgrounds:
  - True  $\tau$ :
    - ttbar, W+jets from simulation with normalization validated in CR from data,
    - Z+jets, di-boson from simulation.
  - Fake  $\tau$ 's:
    - Mis-ID jets, from data using “fake factor” method,
    - Mis-ID  $e, \mu$ , shape from simulation, normalization from data.



# Search for $H^\pm \rightarrow \tau\nu$

14.7  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  @ 13 TeV  
ATLAS-CONF-2016-088

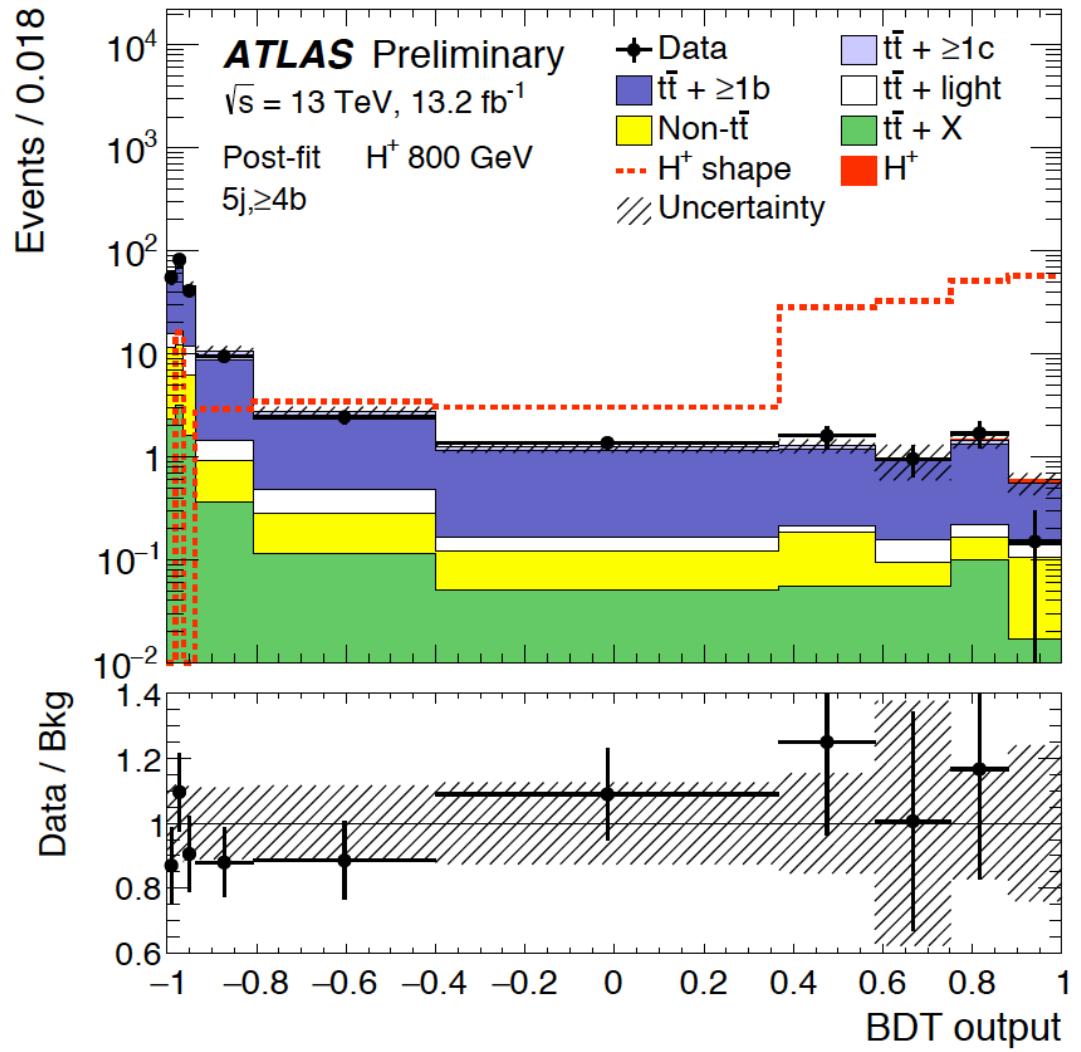
- Systematic uncertainties:
  - Fake factors and  $\tau$  mis-ID (specially at high  $m_{H^\pm}$ )
  - ttbar modelling (specially at low  $m_{H^\pm}$ )
  - reconstruction of jets,  $\tau$ , luminosity.
- Profile likelihood fit to  $m_T$ .
- No deviation from expected background.
- Upper CLs limits on the cross-section (model-independent) on top.  
The cross-section times Branching fraction limit ranges from 2.0 to 0.008 pb.
- Interpretation in hMSSM (Djouadi et al, arXiv: 1502.05653) on bottom.  
Values of  $\tan\beta$  in the range 42-60 are excluded for  $m_{H^\pm} = 200$  GeV.  
Masses of  $H^\pm$  in the range from 200 to 540 GeV is excluded at  $\tan\beta=60$ .



# Search for $H^\pm \rightarrow tb$

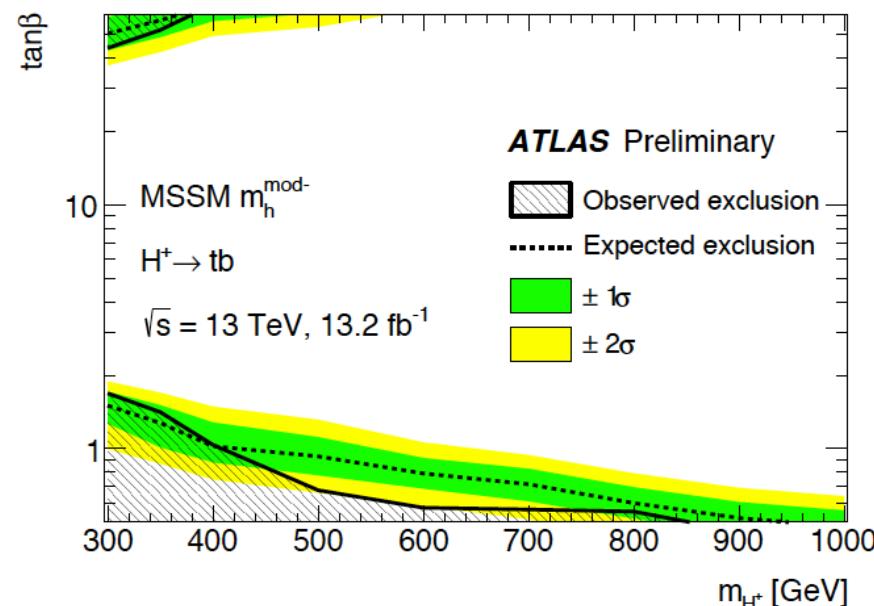
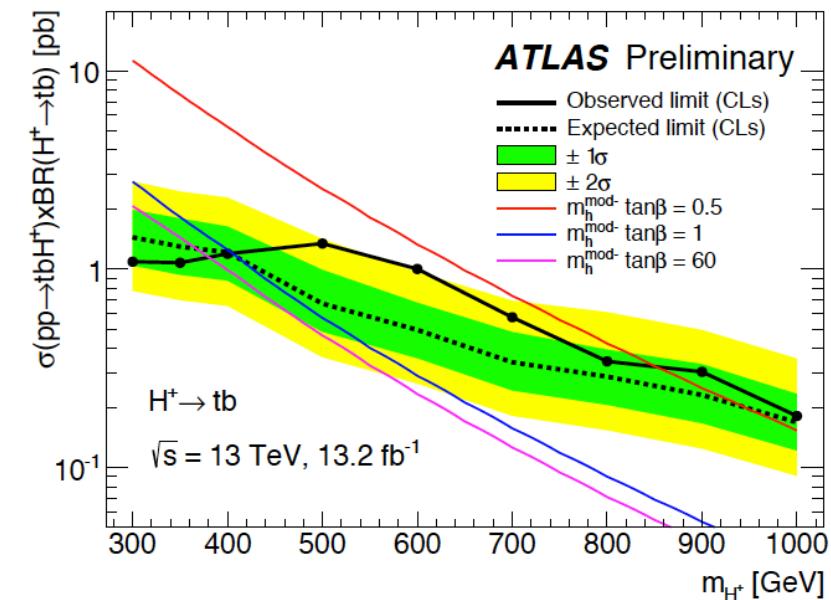
- Strategy:
  - “l+jets” channel: one lepton and jets from the hadronic top.
  - $300 \leq m_{H^\pm} \leq 1000 \text{ GeV}$
  - Fitted variable: BDT in Signal Regions (SR),  $H_T^{\text{had}}$  (scalar sum of  $p_T$  of all jets) in Control Regions (CR).
- Signal selection:
  - 1 e or  $\mu$  ( $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$ )
  - $\geq 4$  jets ( $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$ ), of which  $\geq 2$ b-tagged (70% eff).
- Main background:  $t\bar{t} + \geq 1$ b.
- Based on jet and b-jet multiplicity, various SR and CR.

	2b	3b	$\geq 4$ b
4j	CR	CR	
5j	CR	SR	SR
$\geq 6$ j	CR	SR	SR



# Search for $H^\pm \rightarrow tb$

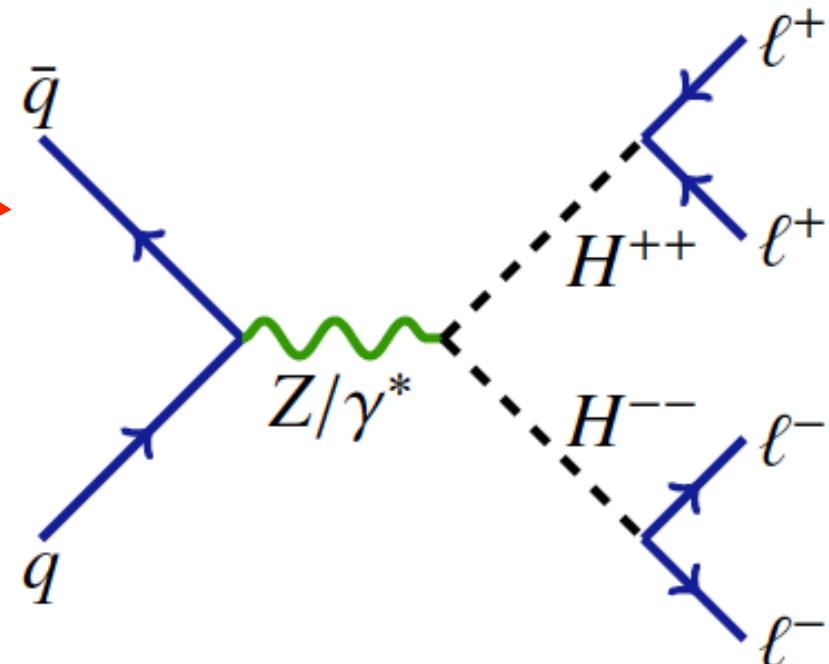
- Simultaneous profile likelihood fit in SR (BDT output) and CR ( $H_T^{\text{had}}$  ).  
 $\text{ttbar} \geq 1\text{c}$ ,  $\text{ttbar} \geq 1\text{b}$  norm free in fit.
- Major systematic uncertainties:
  - $\text{ttbar+heavy flavour modelling}$ ,
  - jet flavour tagging,
  - jet energy scale and resolution.
- No significant excess found.
- CLs limits:
  - Model-independent as a function of  $m_{H^\pm}$  (top-right).
  - Interpretation in MSSM  $m_h^{\text{mod}}$  on bottom-right.
  - In this scenario the light CP-even Higgs boson can be interpreted as the LHC signal in large parts of the  $M_H$ - $\tan\beta$  plane.



# Search for $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow l^+ l^+ l^- l^-$

- Doubly charged Higgs bosons  $H^{\pm\pm}$  can arise in a large variety of BSM theories.
- Feynman diagram for  $pp \rightarrow H^{++} H^- \rightarrow l^+ l^+ l^- l^-$  production where  $l^\pm l^\pm = e^\pm e^\pm, e^\pm \mu^\pm$  or  $\mu^\pm \mu^\pm$ .
- $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow l^\pm l^\pm, H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \tau^\pm \tau^\pm$  or  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow W^\pm W^\pm$ , depending on  $m_{H^{\pm\pm}}$  and vacuum expectation value (vev) of the neutral Higgs triplet.  
At low  $m_{H^{\pm\pm}}$  and vev  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow l^\pm l^\pm$  dominates.
- Masses studied:  $250 \leq m_{H^{\pm\pm}} \leq 1300$  GeV

36.1  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  @ 13 TeV  
CERN-EP-2017-198,  
arXiv: 1710.09748v1



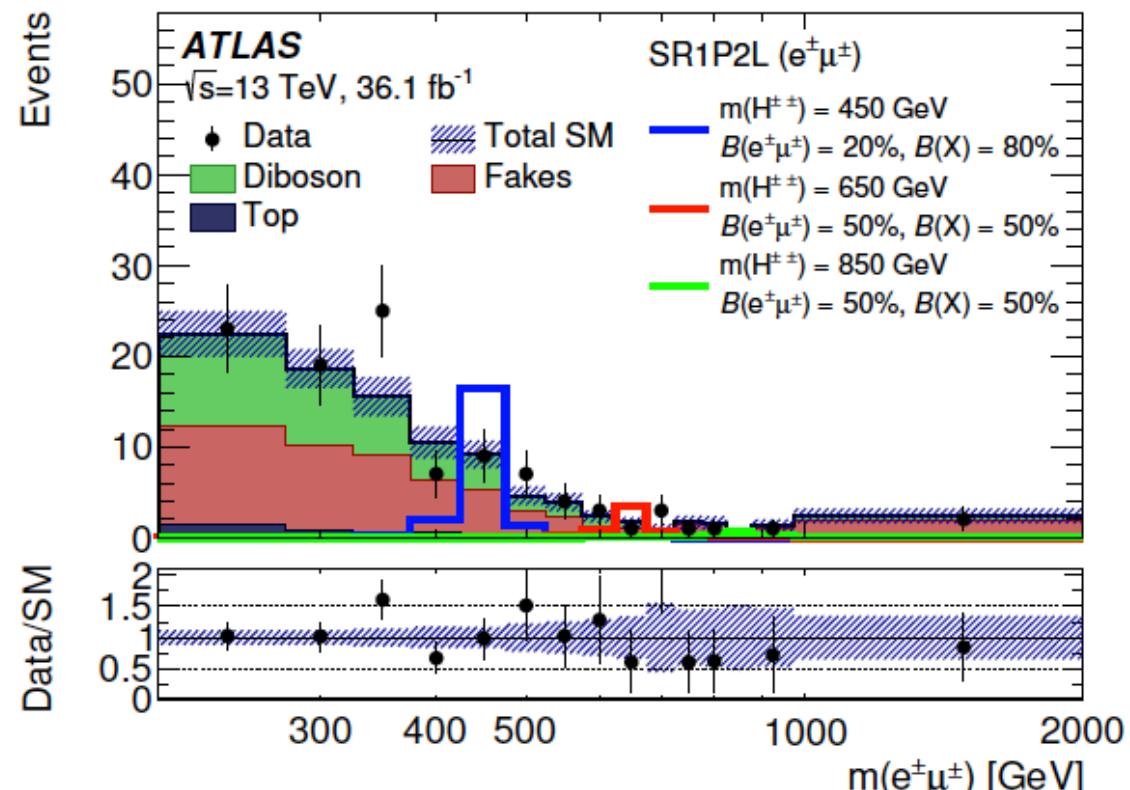
Drell-Yan process in this analysis

arXiv: 1710.09748v1  
submitted to EPJC 26 Oct

# H<sup>±±</sup> → l<sup>+</sup>l<sup>+</sup>l<sup>-</sup>l<sup>-</sup> analysis

- Backgrounds:
  - $Z+V$ ,  $t\bar{t}+V$  ( $V=Z,W$ ) produce prompt leptons. Estimated with simulation.
  - $Z$ ,  $t\bar{t}$ ,  $WW$ ,... produce prompt leptons plus charged mis-ID. Estimated with simulation, data-driven correction factors.
  - “Fakes”: non-prompt or mis-reconstructed leptons (multijets,...). Estimated with data, “fake factor” method.
- Selection:
  - 2, 3 or 4 leptons ( $e$  or  $\mu$ ),
  - $b$ -jet veto,  $Z$  veto,
  - $\Delta R$  and  $p_T$  of lepton pairs.
- Signal regions:
  - 1 same-sign pair,
  - 1 same-sign pair 3 leptons,
  - 2 same-sign pairs.

36,1  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  @ 13 TeV  
CERN-EP-2017-198,  
arXiv: 1710.09748v1

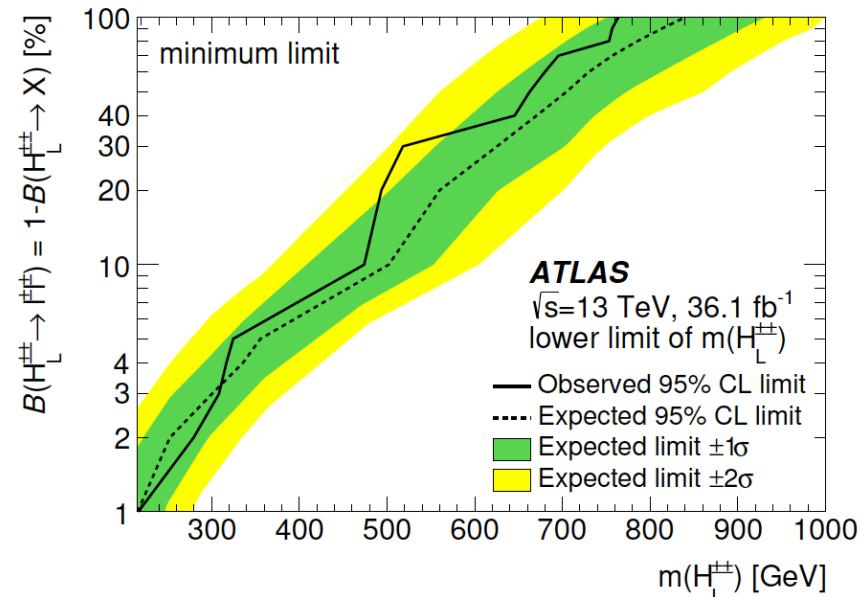
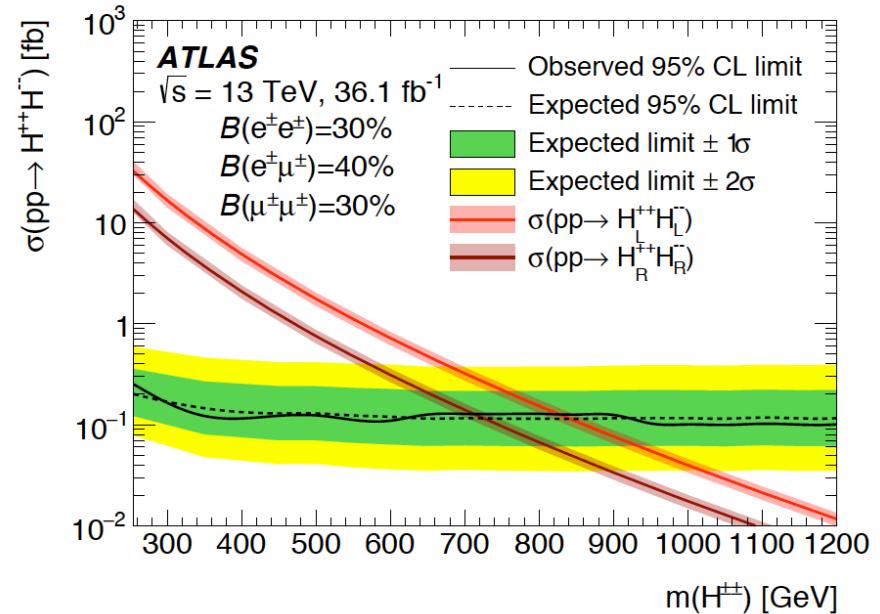


- Control regions:
  - opposite-charge control region,
  - diboson control region,
  - diboson in four-lepton regions.

# $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow l^+ l^+ l^- l^-$ Results

- Uncertainties:
  - Fake factor method.
  - Statistical uncertainty.
  - Theory description, ...
- Maximum-likelihood fit to  $m(l^\pm l^\pm)$  (2 or 3  $l$ ) or  $M=0.5 \times (m^{++} + m^-)$  (4 $l$ ).
- No significant excess found.
- Set 95% upper cross-section CLs limits.
- Top-right: Upper limit on cross-section for  $B(e^\pm e^\pm) = 30\%$ ,  $B(e^\pm \mu^\pm) = 40\%$ ,  $B(\mu^\pm \mu^\pm) = 30\%$ .
- Bottom-right: observed minimum limit on  $m_{H^{\pm\pm}}$  with only coupling to left-handed leptons is 760 for  $B(H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow l^\pm l^\pm) = 100\%$

ATLAS-CONF-2017-053,  
arXiv: 1710.09748v1



# Conclusions

- No evidence for charged Higgs Boson yet.
- Big portion of parameter space still to be covered.
  - Control better systematics,
  - More statistics will help.
- For the coming months expect public results with Run2 data on both  $H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu$ ,  $H^+ \rightarrow tb$ ,  $H^+ \rightarrow W^+Z$  and  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow W^\pm W^\pm$ .
  - New search channels,
  - Extensive use of MVA,
  - New mass search regime,
  - Factor 2 more statistics.

*Back-up*

# Low $m_{H^\pm}$ search (e.g. $H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu$ )

20  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  @ 8 TeV

JHEP03 (2015) 088, JHEP03(2016) 127, Phys. Rev. Lett. 114, 231801 (2015)

- Strategy:

- “tau+jets” channel: one hadronic  $\tau$ , b-jets and light jets from the W decay
- $80 \leq m_{H^+} \leq 160$  GeV,
- $200 \leq m_{H^+} \leq 1000$  GeV
- Discriminating variable

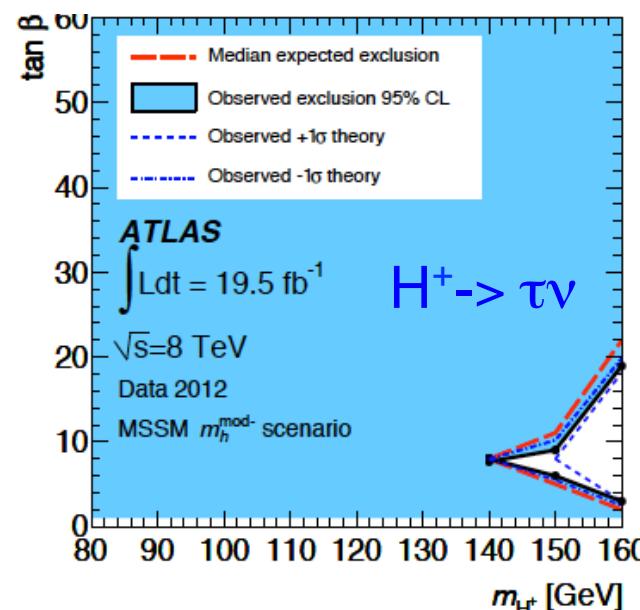
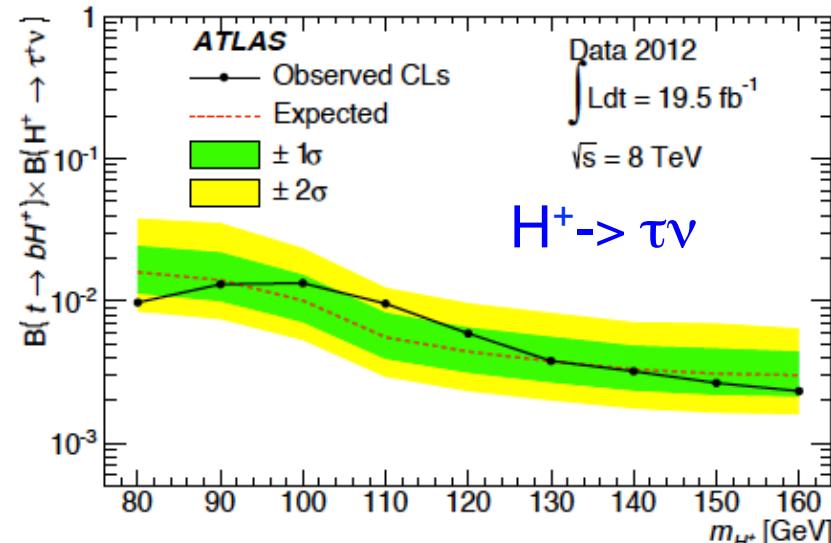
$$m_T = \sqrt{2p_T^\tau E_T^{\text{miss}} (1 - \cos \Delta\phi_{\tau, E_T^{\text{miss}}})}$$

- Signal selection:

- $\tau + E_T^{\text{miss}}$  trigger
- 1 hadronic  $\tau$  ( $p_T > 40$  GeV)
- $\geq 4$  jets ( $p_T > 25$  GeV),  
of which  $\geq 1$  b-tagged (70% eff).
- Veto e,  $\mu$
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 65$  GeV

- Top-right: model independent limit on  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+) \times B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu)$  as function of  $m_{H^+}$  for the low-mass search.

Bottom-right: exclusion limits with  $m_h^{\text{max}}$  scenario.



# BSM theories with $H^+$ bosons

- Two Higgs doublets models (2HDM)
  - A.G. Akeroyd et al., *Prospects for charged Higgs searches at the LHC*, (2016), arXiv: 1607.01320 [hep-ph]
  - J.F. Gunion and H.E. Haber, *The CP conserving two Higgs doublet model: The Approach to the decoupling limit*, Phys. Rev. **D67** (2003) 075019, arXiv:hep-ph/0207010 [hep-ph]
  - G.C. Branco et al., *Theory and phenomenology of two-Higgs doublet models*, Phys. Rev. **516** (2012), arXiv: 1106.0034 [hep-ph]
- Models containing Higgs triplets
  - T.P. Cheng and L.F. Li, *Neutrino Masses, Mixings and Oscillations in  $SU(2) \times U(1)$  Models of Electroweak Interactions*, Phys. Rev. **D22** (1980) 2860
  - J. Schechter and J.W.F. Valle, *Neutrino Masses in  $SU(2) \times U(1)$  Theories*, Phys. Rev. **D22** (1980) 2227
  - G. Lazarides, Q. Shafi and C. Wetterich, *Proton Lifetime and Fermion masses in an  $SO(10)$  Model*, Nucl. Phys. **B181** (1981) 287
  - R. N. Mohapatra and G. Senjanovic, *Neutrino Masses and Mixings in Gauge Models with Spontaneous Parity Violation*, Phys. Rev. **D23** (1981) 165
  - M. Magg and C. Wetterich, *Neutrino Mass Problem with Spontaneous Parity Violation*, Phys. Lett. **B94** (1980) 61

# BSM theories with $H^{\pm\pm}$ bosons (1/3)

- Left-right symmetric (LRS) models
  - J.C. Pati and A. Salam, *Lepton Number as the Fourth Color*, Phys. Rev. **D10** (1974) 275. Erratum: Phys. Rev. **D11** (1975) 703
  - R.N. Mohapatra and J.C. Pati, *Left-Right Gauge Symmetry and an Isoconjugate Model of CP Violation*, Phys. Rev. **D11** (1975) 566
  - G. Senjanovic and R.N. Mohapatra, *Exact Left-Right Symmetry and Spontaneous Violation of Parity*, Phys. Rev. **D12** (1975) 1502
  - P.S. Bhupal Dev, R. N. Mohapatra and Y. Zhang, *Displaced photon signal from a possible light scalar in minimal left-right seesaw model*, Phys. Rev. **D95** (2017) 115001, arXiv: 1612.09587 [hep-ph]
  - D. Borah and A. Dasgupta, *Observable lepton number violation with predominantly Dirac nature of active neutrinos*, JHEP **01** (2017) 072, arXiv: 1609.04236 [hep-ph]
- Higgs triplet models
  - J.E. Cieza Montalvo, N.V. Cortez, J.Sa Borges and M.D. Tonasse, *Searching for doubly charged Higgs bosons at the LHC in a 3-3-1 model*, Nucl. Phys. **B756** (2006) 1. Erratum: Nucl. Phys. **B796** (2008) 422, arXiv: hep-ph/0606243
  - J.F. Gunion, R. Vega and J. Wudka, *Higgs triplets in the standard model*, Phys. Rev. **D42** (1990) 1673
- Little Higgs model
  - N. Arkani-Hamed et al., *The Minimal Moose for a Little Higgs*, JHEP **08** (2002) 021, arXiv: hep-ph/0206020

# BSM theories with $H^{\pm\pm}$ bosons (2/3)

- Type-II see-saw models
  - M. Muhlleitner and M. Spira, *Note on doubley charged Higgs pair production at hadron colliders*, Phys. Rev. **D68** (2003) 117701, arXiv: hep-ph/0305288
  - A.G. Akeroyd and M. Aoki, *Single and pair production of doubley charged Higgs bosons at hadron colliders*, Phys. Rev. **D72** (2005) 035011, arXiv: hep-ph/0506176
  - A. Hektor, M. Kadastik, M. Muntel, M. Raidal and L. Rebane, *Testing neutrino masses in little Higgs models via discovery of doubly charged Higgs at LHC*, Nucl. Phys. **B787** (2007) 198, arXiv: 0705.1495 [hep-ph]
  - P. Fileviez Perez, T. Han, G.Y. Huan. T. Li and K. Wang, *Testing a neutrino mass generation mechanism at the Large Hadron Collider*, Phys. Rev. **D78** (2008) 071301, arXiv: 0803.3450 [hep-ph]
  - W. Chao, Z.G. Si, Z. Z. Xing and S. Zhou, *Correlative signatures of heavy Majorana neutrinos and doubly-charged Higgs bosons at the Large Hadron Collider*, Phys. Lett. **B666** (2008) 451, arXiv: 0804.1265 [hep-ph]
- Georgi-Machacek model
  - H. Georgi and M. Machacek, *Double Charged Higgs Bosons*, Nucl. Phys. **B262** (1985) 463
- Scalar singlet dark matter
  - S. Bhattacharya, S. Jana and S. Nandi, *Neutrino masses and scalar singlet dark matter*, Phys. Rev. **D95** (2017) 055003, arXiv: 1609.03274 [hep-ps]

# BSM theories with $H^{\pm\pm}$ bosons (3/3)

- Zee-Babu neutrino mass model (16-18)
  - A. Zee, *Quantum Numbers of Majorana Neutrino Masses*, Nucl. Phys. **B264** (1986) 99
  - K.S. Babu, *Model of ``Calculable'' Majorana Neutrino Masses*. Phys. Lett. **B203** (1988) 132
  - M. Nebot, J.F. Oliver, D. Palao and A. Santamaria, *Prospects for the Zee-Babu Model at the CERN LHC and low energy experiments*, Phys. Rev. **D77** (2008) 093013, arXiv: 0711.0483 [hep-ph]

# Common parameters of 2HDM

- Four Higgs masses ( $m_H$ ,  $m_h$ ,  $m_A$ ,  $m_{H^\pm}$ )  
–  $m_H$  or  $m_h = 125$  GeV
- Ratio of the vacuum expectation values of the two doubles,  $\tan\beta = v_2/v_1$ .
- Mixing angle between  $H$  and  $h$ ,  $\alpha$ .

2HDM Type	Doublet coupled to up-type quarks	Doublet coupled to down-type quarks	Doublet coupled to leptons
Type I	$\Phi_2$	$\Phi_2$	$\Phi_2$
Type II	$\Phi_2$	$\Phi_1$	$\Phi_1$
Lepton-specific	$\Phi_2$	$\Phi_2$	$\Phi_1$
Flipped	$\Phi_2$	$\Phi_1$	$\Phi_2$