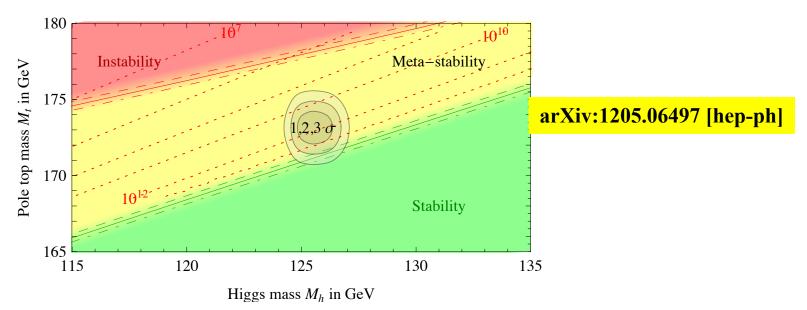


# What's special with Top?

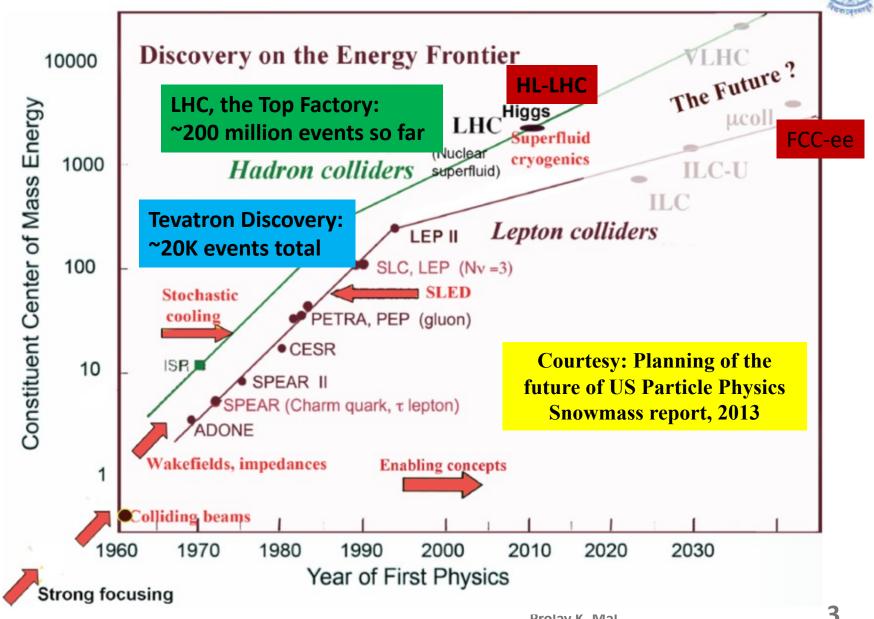


- Decays before the hadronization [lifetime 0.5x10-24 sec]
  - Unique opportunity to study the bare quark
- Strong coupling with the Higgs boson, top Yukawa coupling, y<sub>t</sub>~1
- Constraints the Higgs mass along with W boson mass
  - influences the electroweak vacuum stability



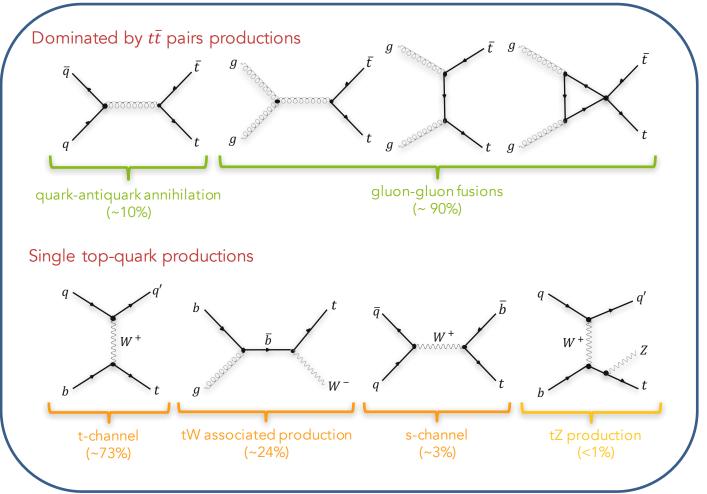
 Many new physics models result in same signature, e.g, SUSY "stop" can decay into top

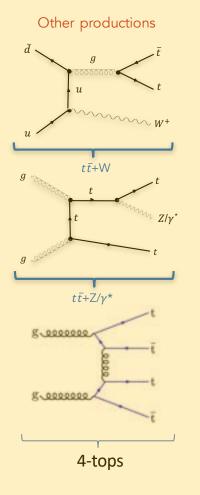
# Top Production in Colliders



# Top quark production modes at LHC



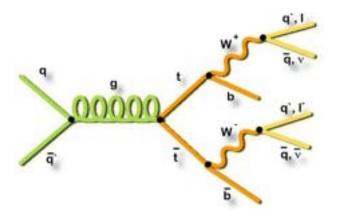




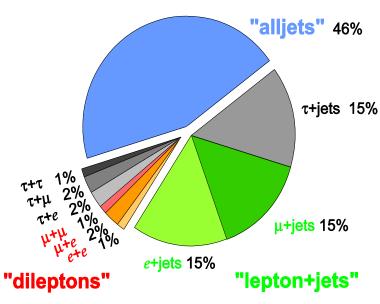
# Decay of Top quark



- SM Br( $t \rightarrow W^+b$ )=100%
- Final states determined through the decay of W<sup>±</sup> bosons from top and antitop quarks.
  - All jets:  $t\bar{t} \rightarrow bW^+\bar{b}W^- \rightarrow b\bar{b}q\bar{q}'q\bar{q}'$ 
    - High branching ratio but large QCD background
    - ≥ 6 jets, 2 b-jets
  - lepton+jets:  $t\overline{t} \rightarrow bW^+\overline{b}W^- \rightarrow b\overline{b}q\overline{q}'l^-\overline{v}$ 
    - Moderately high branching ratio but relatively low background
  - dilepton:  $t\overline{t} \rightarrow bW^+\overline{b}W^- \rightarrow b\overline{b}l^+\nu l^-\overline{\nu}$ 
    - Low branching ratio but clean signal
- Similarly different final states for single top/electroweak top production
  - Dilepton:  $tW^- \rightarrow bW^+W^- \rightarrow bl^+vl^-\overline{v}$
  - Semileptonic s-channel:  $t\overline{b} \rightarrow bW^+\overline{b} \rightarrow b\overline{b}l^+v$



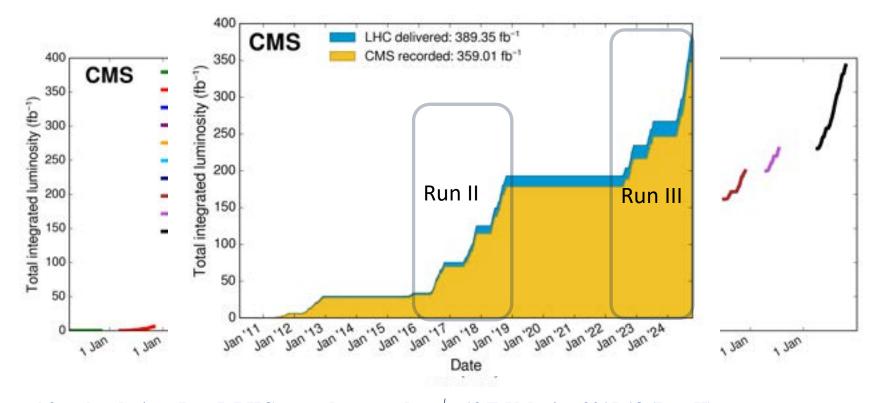
#### **Top Pair Branching Fractions**





### LHC Performance



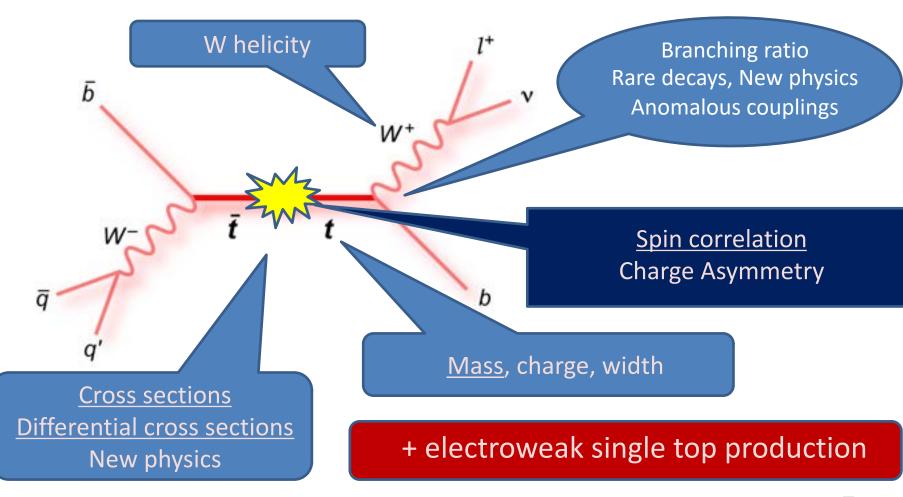


- After the glorious Run I, LHC started operated at  $\sqrt{s}$ =13 TeV during 2015-18 (Run II)
- CMS have completed Inner detector upgrades during the Extended Year-End Technical Stop (EYETS) at the end of 2016 operation
- CRIC LHC has been performing exceedingly well; during Run II, CMS have recorded >150 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collision datasets at  $\sqrt{s}$ =13 TeV
- Finally, unprecedentedly large volume of proton-proton collisions data at √s=13.6 TeV being recorded during the LHC Run III

# Top Quark Measurements



#### Measurements performed in 30 years (Tevatron +LHC)



Prolay K. Mal



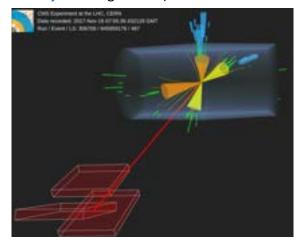
# Top Cross-section Measurement



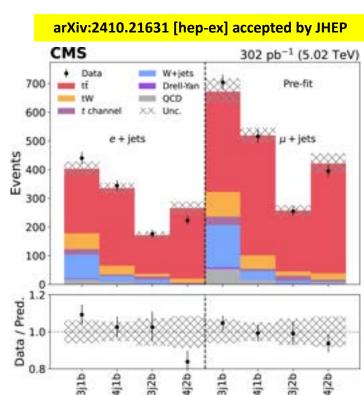
#### Inclusive $t\bar{t}$ production cross-section at $\sqrt{s}=5.02$ TeV



- Exactly 1 lepton (electron or muon) (p<sub>T</sub> > 20 GeV, |η| < 2.4).</li>
   Veto on sub-leading lepton of opposite flavour, p<sub>T</sub> > 10 GeV.
- At least 3 jets  $(p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}, |\eta| < 2.4)$ .
- MET > 30 GeV.
- Events are further categorized into 8 categories depending on the number of jets and b-tagged jets, and the lepton flavour (electron or muon). Among those:
  - All are signal-dominated
  - $\ell + 3j \ge 2b$  and  $\ell + 4j \ge 2b$  are purest in signal (89% of total MC)
  - $\ell + 3j1b$  provide the greatest contribution from tW and W+jets backgrounds (12% and 18% of total MC)



#### l+jets analysis 2017 dataset



4 main backgrounds: Single top (tW + t-channel), W+jets, QCD multijets (cut in MET > 30GeV to suppress it, estimated from data) and Drell-Yan.

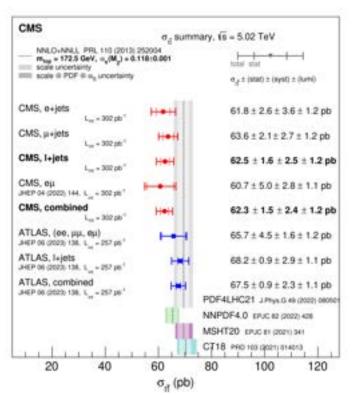


#### Inclusive $t\bar{t}$ production cross-section at $\sqrt{s}=5.02$ TeV

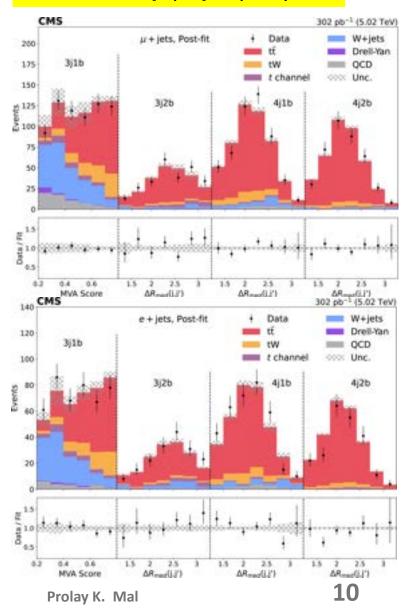
- Final distributions in 27 bins x 2 (e/ $\mu$ ) = 54 bins : median [ $\Delta$ R(j,j')] & MVA score (for 3j1b category)
- Simultaneous maximum-likelihood fit to extract the cross-sections

 $62.5 \pm 1.6 \text{ (stat)}^{+2.6}_{-2.5} \text{ (syst)} \pm 1.2 \text{ (lumi) pb}$ 

> In combination with the CMS dilepton results  $62.3 \pm 1.5$  (stat)  $\pm 2.4$  (syst)  $\pm 1.2$  (lumi) pb



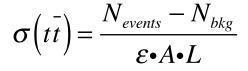
#### arXiv:2410.21631 [hep-ex] accepted by JHEP



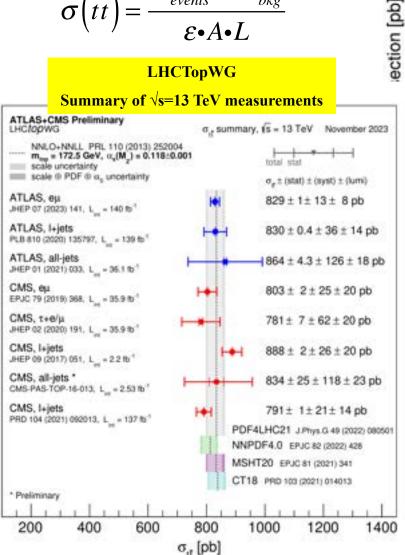


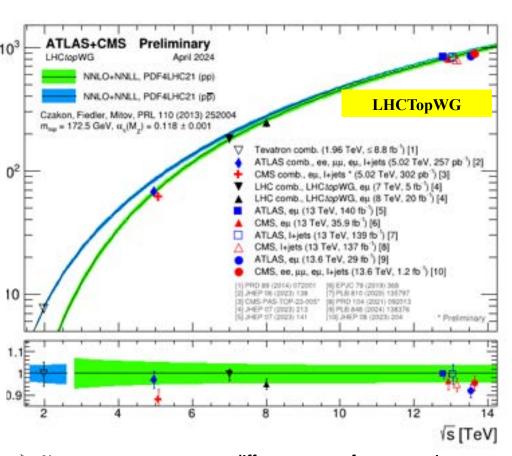


### Summary of Inclusive $t\overline{t}$ production cross-section



#### **LHCTopWG**





- Numerous measurements at different center-of-mass energies at the LHC along with the Tevatron ones exploring different final states
- Precise cross-section measurements are guite crucial
  - Scrutinizes the QCD predictions
  - $\triangleright$  Possibility to extract several SM parameters e.g.,  $\alpha_s$ ,  $m_{top...}$
- All inclusive cross-section measurements are consistent with the SM

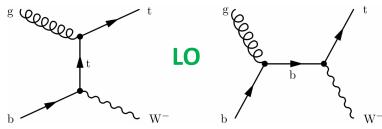


#### W-boson associated single top production at $\sqrt{s}=13.6$ TeV

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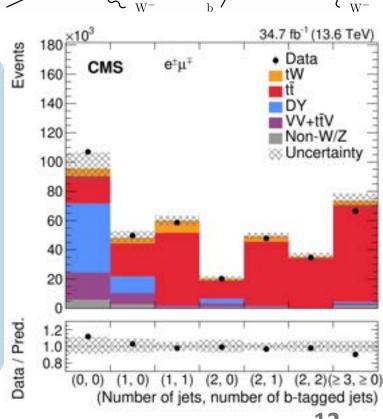
➤ Inclusive and differential cross-section measurement using 34.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> Run III dataset (2022)

- ➤ Sensitive to V<sub>tb</sub> & b-PDF
- > tW@NLO interferes with ttbar which is large
- ➤ ML techniques applied for separation between tW & ttbar



#### **Basic event Selection**

- At least 2 leptons opposite charge and flavour  $(e^{\pm}\mu^{\mp})$  (p<sub>T</sub> > 20 GeV,  $|\eta|$  < 2.4). Leading lepton p<sub>T</sub> > 25 GeV.
- **Jets** ( $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $|\eta| < 2.4$ ).
- $m(\ell_1, \ell_2) > 20$  GeV.
- Categories depending on the number of jets and b-tagged jets. Among those, used are 1j1b, 2j1b (SRs) and 2j2b ( $t\bar{t}$  CR)

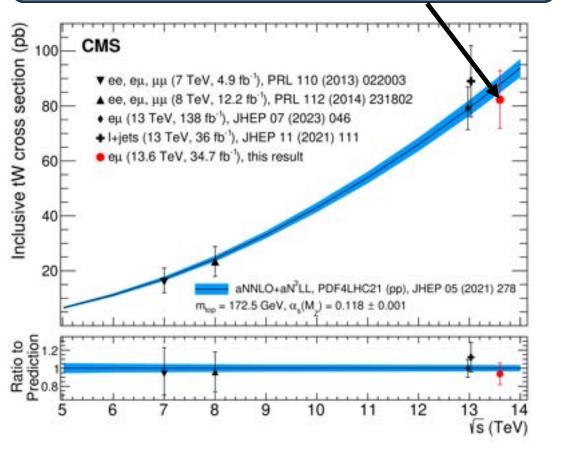


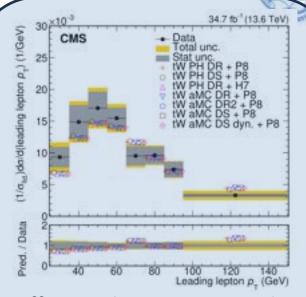


W-boson associated single top production at √s=13.6 TeV

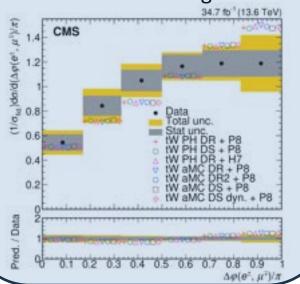
JHEP 01 (2025) 107

 $\sigma_{\rm tW}$ = 82.3 ± 2.1 (stat)  $^{+9.9}_{-9.7}$  (syst) ± 3.3 (lumi) pb ~13% uncertainty, JES and b-jet identification





Differential x-sec compared with different event generators



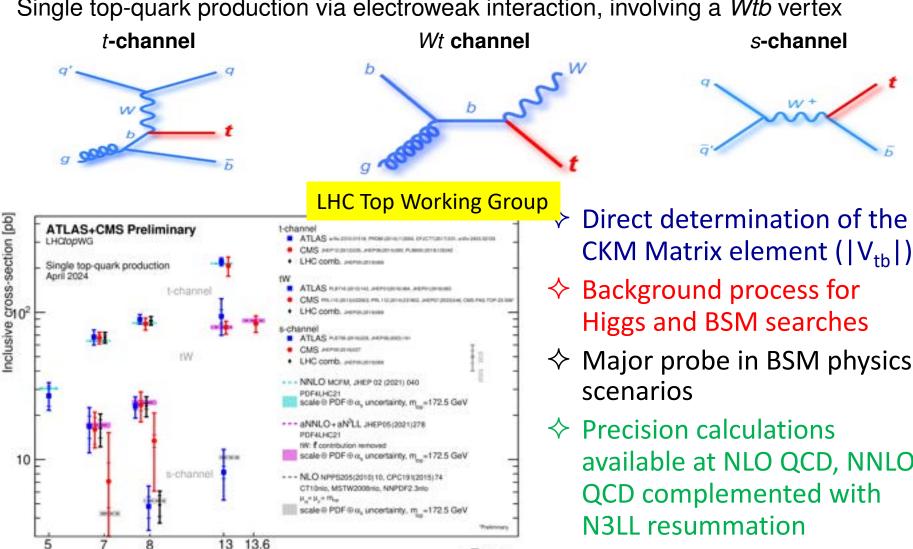




#### Summary of Electroweak Top Production



Single top-quark production via electroweak interaction, involving a *Wtb* vertex



Direct determination of the

s-channel

- ♦ Background process for Higgs and BSM searches
- ♦ Major probe in BSM physics
- ♦ Precision calculations available at NLO QCD, NNLO QCD complemented with N3LL resummation

s [TeV]



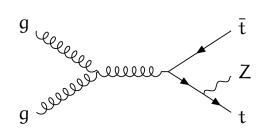
# Rare Top production processes

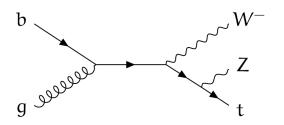


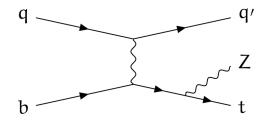
#### Simultaneous measurement of ttZ, tZW and tZq



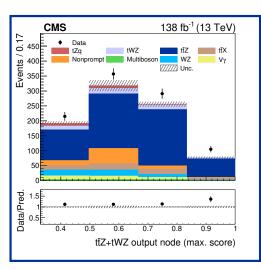
JHEP 02 (2025) 177

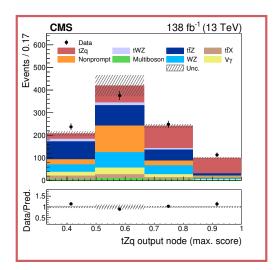


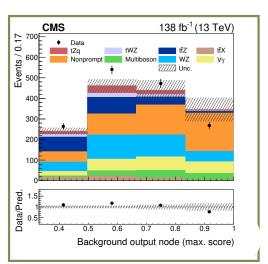




- Signal region with three leptons (e or  $\mu$ ),  $\geq$ 2 jets,  $\geq$ 1 b-tagged jet
- · Nonprompt lepton contribution is estimated from data, WZ and other smaller backgrounds from simulation
- · Neural network (multi-class classifier) to disentangle different signals and backgrounds
  - 3 output nodes for ttZ+tWZ, tZq, and background (maximum-score splitting to build fit categories)









#### Simultaneous measurement of ttZ, tZW and tZq

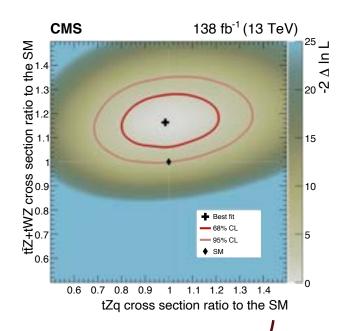


JHEP 02 (2025) 177

- · Simultaneous fit to 3 max-score output nodes in SR and number of jets / b jets in two extra regions
  - 4 leptons (ttZ enriched), and no b jets (WZ enriched)
- Profiled likelihood-ratio scan for  $\sigma_{
  m tar tZ+tWZ}$  and  $\sigma_{
  m tZq}$
- Limited by statistics, main syst. uncertainties on background modelling and b tagging
- · Inclusive cross sections measured to be:

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}Z+tWZ} = 1.14 \pm 0.07 \text{ pb}$$
 $\sigma_{tZq} = 0.81 \pm 0.10 \text{ pb}$ 

 Fixing the ttZ (tWZ) and tZq processes to the SM prediction yields a tWZ (ttZ) cross section consistent with previous measurements



consistent with SM for tZq, slight excess for ttZ+tWZ

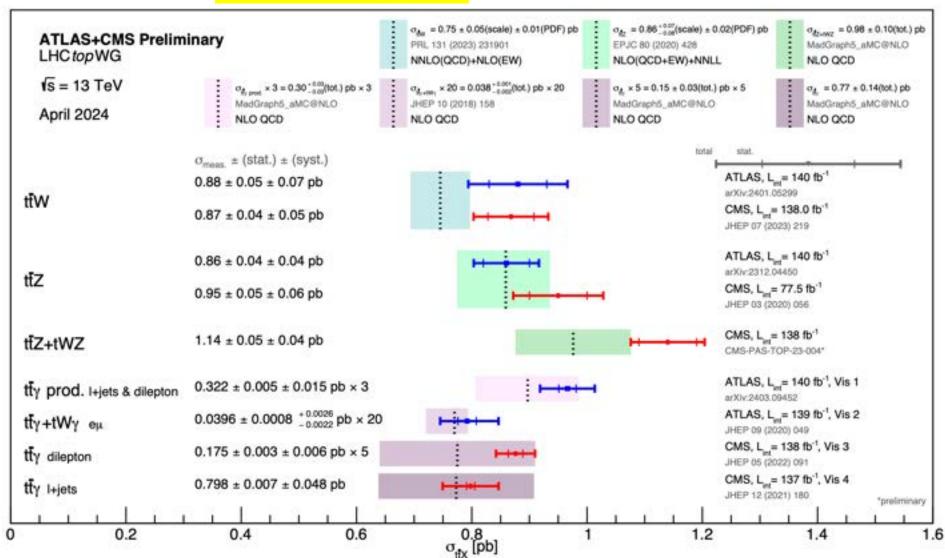
Compatible with the previous measurements



#### Summary of Vector boson associated ttproduction

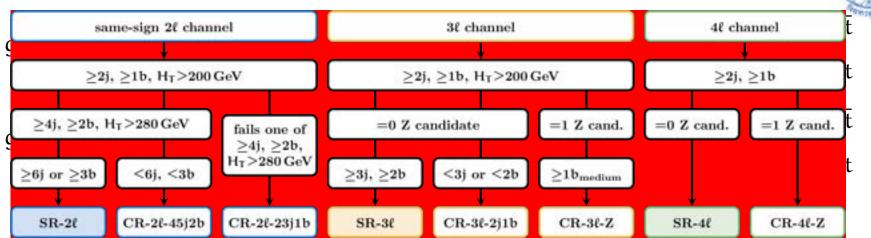


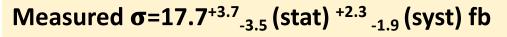
#### **LHC Top Working Group**



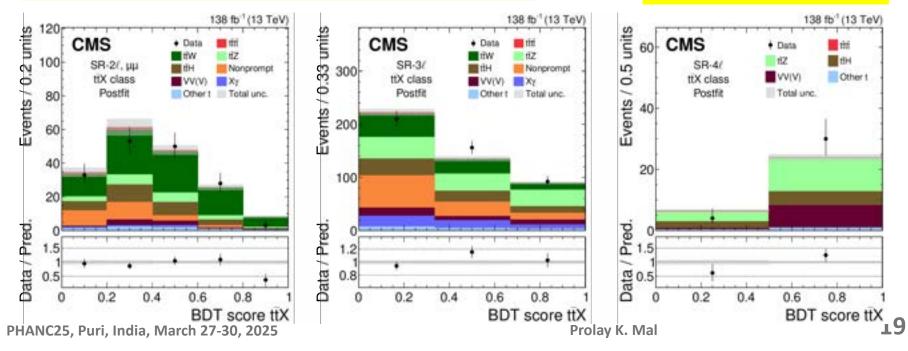


#### 4-top production





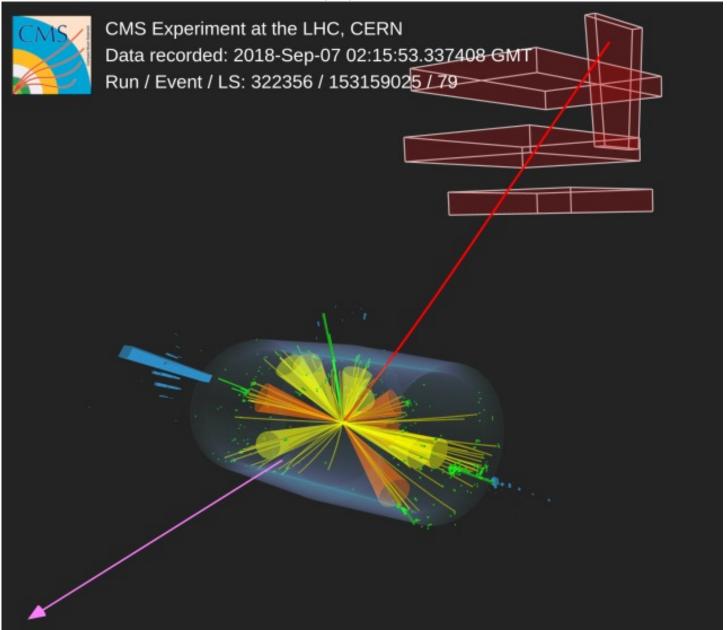
PLB 847 (2023) 138290





#### 4-top production







#### Summary of 4-top production

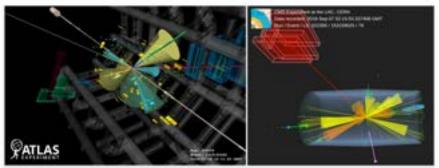


#### **LHC Top Working Group**

#### ATLAS and CMS observe simultaneous production of four top quarks

The ATLAS and CMS collaborations have both observed the simultaneous production of four top quarks, a rare phenomenon that could hold the key to physics beyond the Standard Model

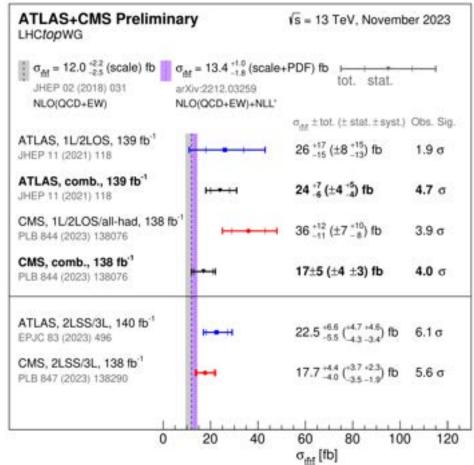
24 MARCH, 2023 | By Naomi Dinmore



#### **Observation significance**

 $\blacksquare$ CMS : 5.6 $\sigma$ 

 $\blacksquare$ ATLAS: 6.1 $\sigma$ 





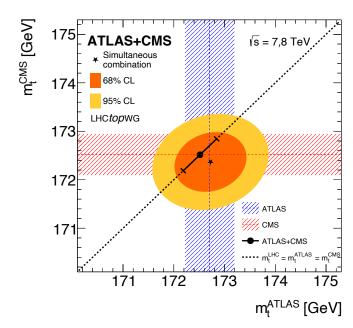
# Top quark Mass



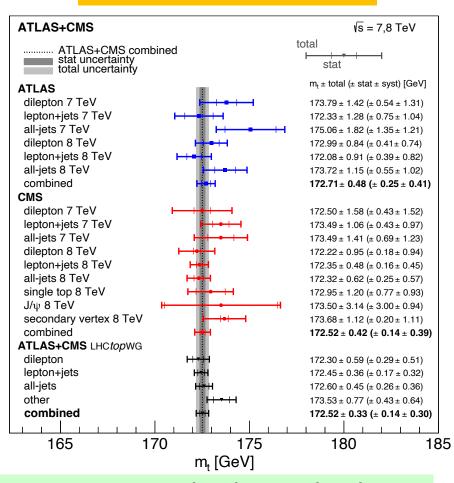
#### Top quark mass from *tt* events



- Many experimental methods to extract the top quark mass using different decay modes
- ♦ Significant improvements in terms of better calibrations, theoretical modelling, advanced techniques
- ♦ Latest Run 1 combination with 6 ATLAS & 9
   CMS results
  - $\Leftrightarrow$  Relative uncertainty ( $\delta m_{top}/m_{top}$ ): 0.2%
  - ♦ Limited by the b-jet energy scale
- **♦ Consistent between ATLAS and CMS**



#### PRL 132 (2024) 261902



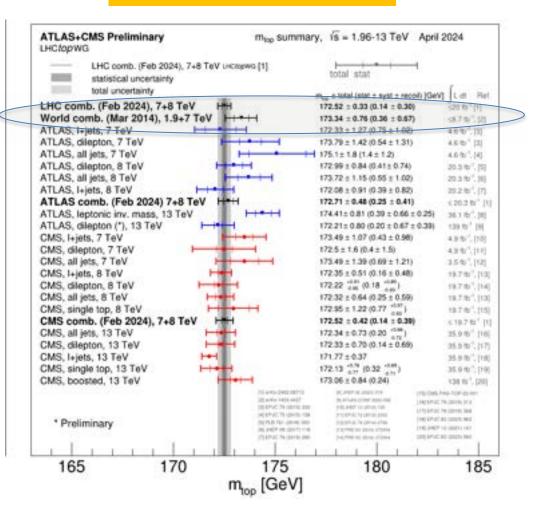
 $m_{top}$ =172.52 ± 0.14 (stat) ± 0.30 (syst) GeV



# What's next on m<sub>top</sub>?



#### **LHC Top Working Group**



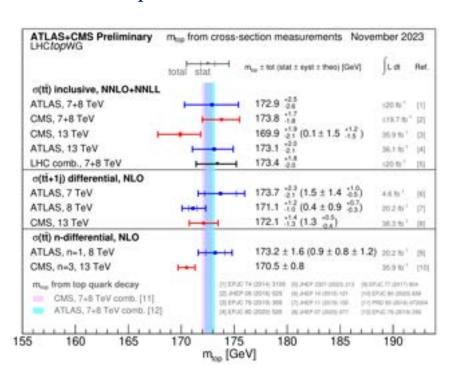
- Results from Tevatron and LHC experiments are combined together → World Combination, 2014
- Reached a precision of 0.33 GeV (<0.2%) LHC Run I combination
- Precision is limited by the understanding of hadronization modeling, color reconnection, Jet Energy Scale correction....
- Usage of experimentally clear observables avoiding jets
  - charged track & leptons
  - Vertex-lepton invariant mass
  - Using Charm mesons
- Top quark 'pole' mass?



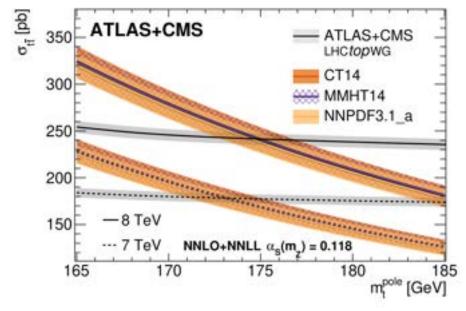
# Summary on m<sub>t</sub> pole



- Extraction of top quark pole mass  $(m_t^{pole})$  from inclusive production cross-section  $(\sigma_{tt})$
- $\sigma_{tt}$  can be calculated theoretically at NNLO for different values of  $m_t^{pole}$ 
  - Acceptance also depends on m<sub>t</sub><sup>pole</sup>
  - Fixed value of  $\alpha_s$
- Overall precision ~1%









# Spin Correlation, Polarization & Entanglement

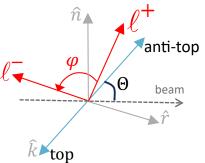




#### Spin Correlation, polarization and Entanglement in $\ tt$



- → Top-pairs at the LHC are unpolarized, but their spins are strongly correlated
- ♦ Spin information is passed through the W-decay products (lepton or d-quark)





entangled state e.g.: 
$$|\Psi\rangle=\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\big(\left|\uparrow,\downarrow\rangle-\left|\downarrow,\uparrow\rangle\right.\big)$$

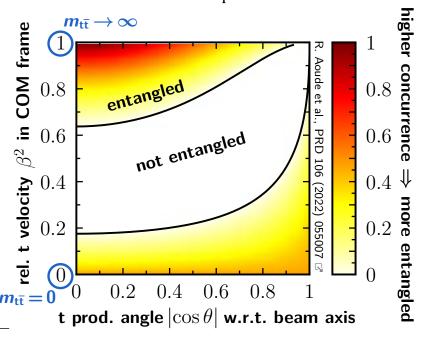
probe **polarization** and **spin correlations** in angular distribution of decay products:

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma}{\mathrm{d}\Omega_{+} \mathrm{d}\Omega_{-}} \sim \left(1 + \mathbf{B}^{+} \cdot \hat{\ell}^{+} + \mathbf{B}^{-} \cdot \hat{\ell}^{-} - \hat{\ell}^{+} \cdot \mathbf{C} \cdot \hat{\ell}^{-}\right)$$

sufficient condition for **entanglement**:  $\operatorname{tr}[\mathit{C}] < -1$ 

can be probed in single distribution:

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma}{\mathrm{d}\cos\varphi} = \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 + \frac{\mathrm{tr}[C]}{3} \cos\varphi \right), \text{ with } \cos\varphi = \hat{\ell}^+ \cdot \hat{\ell}^-$$



Many new physics models modify the polarization and spin correlation of top quarks



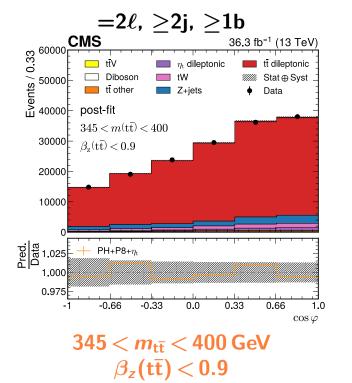


#### Spin Correlation, polarization and Entanglement in |tt|

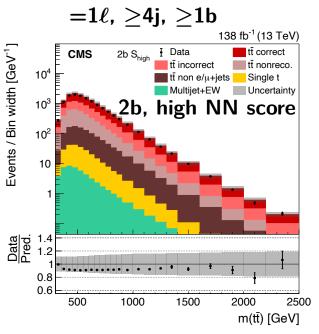


Nature 633 (2024) 542 arXiv:2311.07288 [hep-ex]

Rep. Prog. Phys 87 (2024) 117801 arXiv:2406.03976 [hep-ex]



PRD 110 (2024) 112016 arXiv:2409.11067 [hep-ex]



 $t\bar{t}$  reconstruction with NN both low and high  $m_{t\bar{t}}$ 

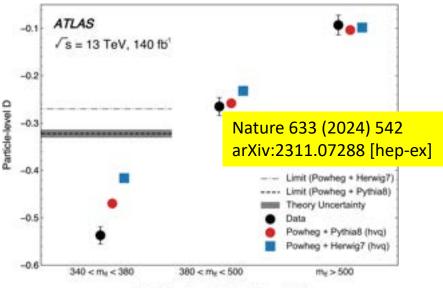
Kinematic distributions are match quite well with data

Detector-level  $\cos \phi$ 

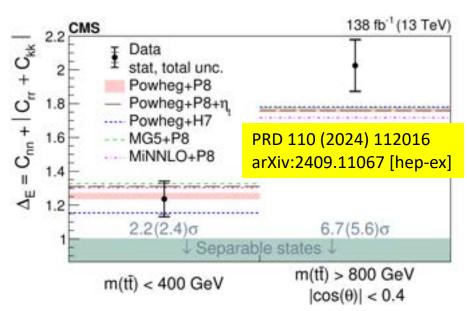
 $340 < m_{t\bar{t}} < 380 \,\text{GeV}$ 

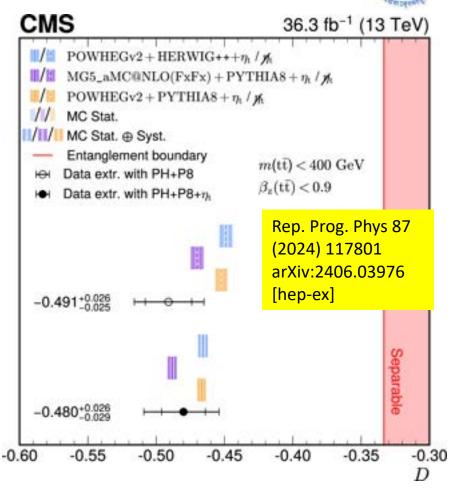


#### Spin Correlation, polarization and Entanglement in $\ tt$









Entanglement of ttbar system
 have been observed by the ATLAS
 & CMS with >5σ significance





#### Quantum Entanglement in $t\bar{t}$ system









# **Summary & Conclusions**



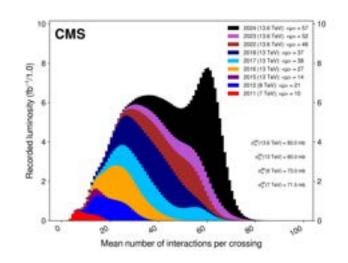
- → During the LHC era, the top quark properties are being measured with unprecedented precision
  - ♦ Both ATLAS and CMS have completed the Run I & II legacy papers
  - ♦ Some key measurements have been performed with the full Run II dataset
- Measurement of various properties of top quark are providing crucial tests on the SM itself while probing the BSM physics; no excess observed over the SM predictions.
- ♦ Some of the limiting systematics affecting these measurements are related to
  - ♦ ttbar modeling (top mass, ttbar scale, ttbar matching scale)





# LHC Outlook (Run 3 & beyond)





- ♦ LHC Run 3 at √s=13.6 TeV began in 2022; Top properties
   from the full Run 3 dataset are yet to be explored
- New Physics discovery may be at the door-step and top quark properties would play the key role; In addition, we would also be able to probe tiny SM predictions
- Many more upgrades with the LHC and the detectors are scheduled for next two decades. Improved analyses techniques would be refined further







#### References

- ♦ LHCTopWG: <a href="https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCPhysics/LHCTopWG">https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCPhysics/LHCTopWG</a>
- ♦ ATLAS: <a href="https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/TopPublicResults">https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/TopPublicResults</a>
- ♦ CMS: <a href="https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsTOP">https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsTOP</a>