

# Neutrino Decay, Sterile Mass Ordering and Quantumness at DUNE

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DUNE-India meeting  
TIFR, 6 June 2025



Based on Dibya S. Chattopadhyay, A.Dighe, ++

# 1. Invisible neutrino decay

- The inclusion of decay makes the effective Hamiltonian non-Hermitian:

$$\tilde{H} = H - i\Gamma/2$$

- The decay and the mass eigenstates need not be the same  $\Rightarrow$  *Mismatch*

$$[H, \Gamma] \neq 0$$

- Even if there's no mismatch in vacuum, due to matter effects, the components will invariably become non-commuting.

- Then 
$$e^{-i\tilde{H}t} \neq e^{-iHt} e^{-\Gamma/2}$$

Invisible decay

$$V_\alpha \rightarrow \psi\phi$$

$$V_\alpha \rightarrow \psi\psi\bar{\psi}$$

# Decay of $\nu_3$ mass eigenstate

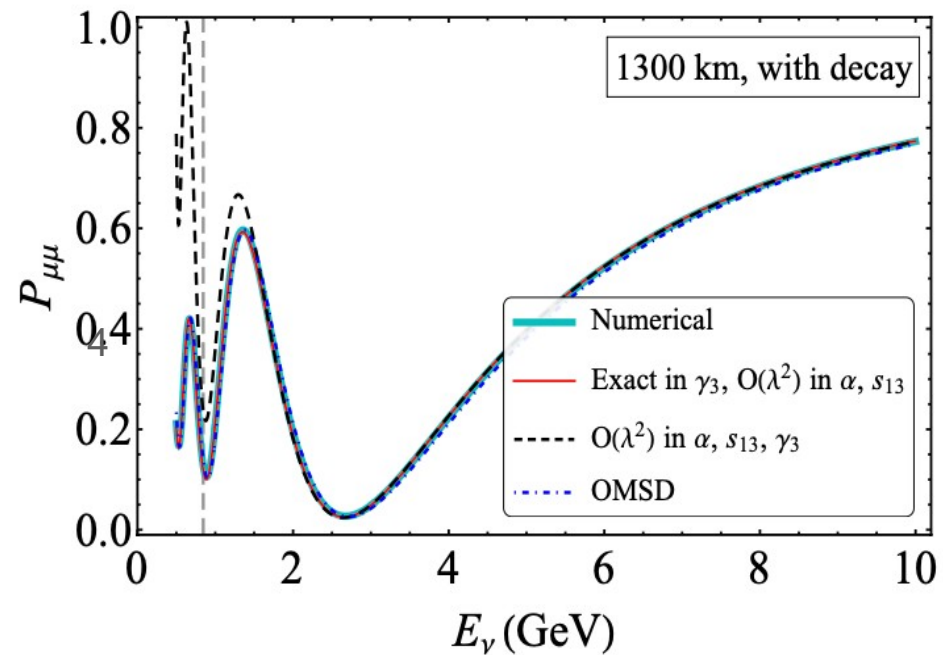
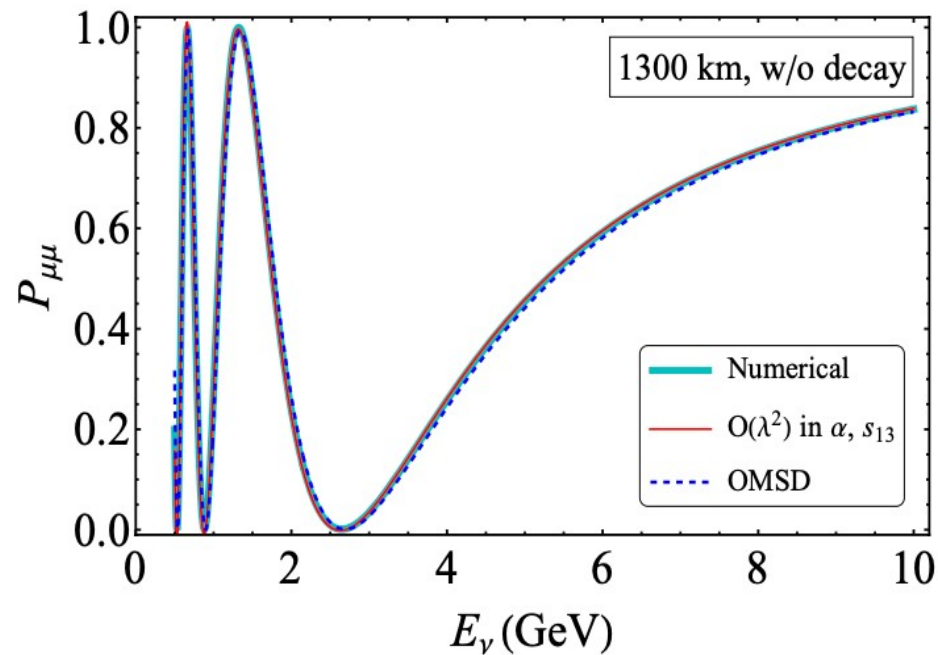
- Strong constraints from solar neutrino data on  $\nu_1$  and  $\nu_2$  decay.
- Therefore, the special case where only  $\nu_3$  mass eigenstate in vacuum decays:

$$\bullet H_f = \frac{1}{2 E_\nu} U \left[ \Delta m_{31}^2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \alpha & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 - \gamma_3 \end{pmatrix} \right] U^\dagger + \begin{pmatrix} V_{CC} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\alpha \equiv \frac{\Delta m_{21}^2}{\Delta m_{31}^2}, \gamma_3 \equiv \frac{m_3}{\tau_3 \Delta m_{31}^2}$$

- Current long-baseline constraints:  $\frac{\tau_3}{m_3} > 1.5 \times 10^{-12} \text{ s/eV}$

# (Apparent) increase of $P_{\mu\mu}$ at oscillation dips due to decay!

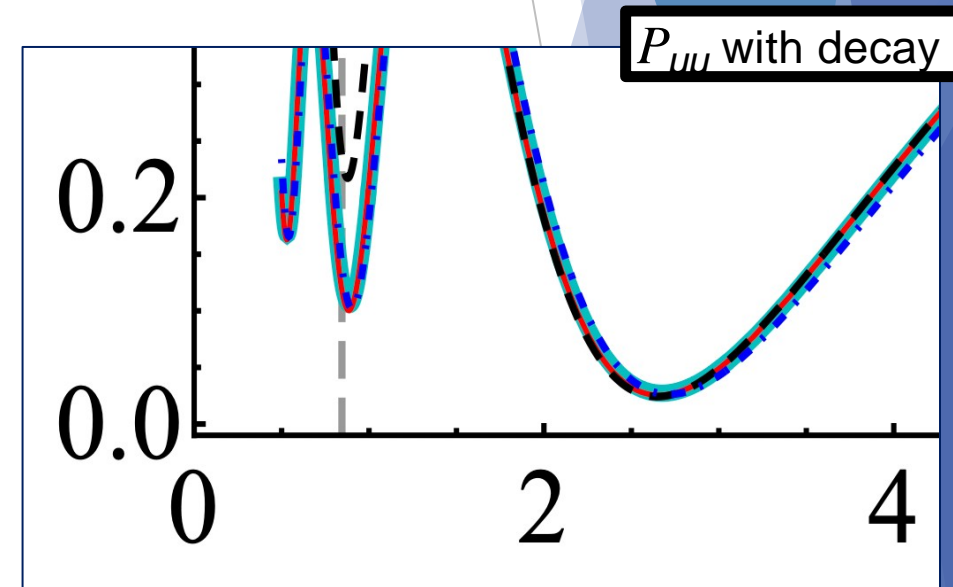
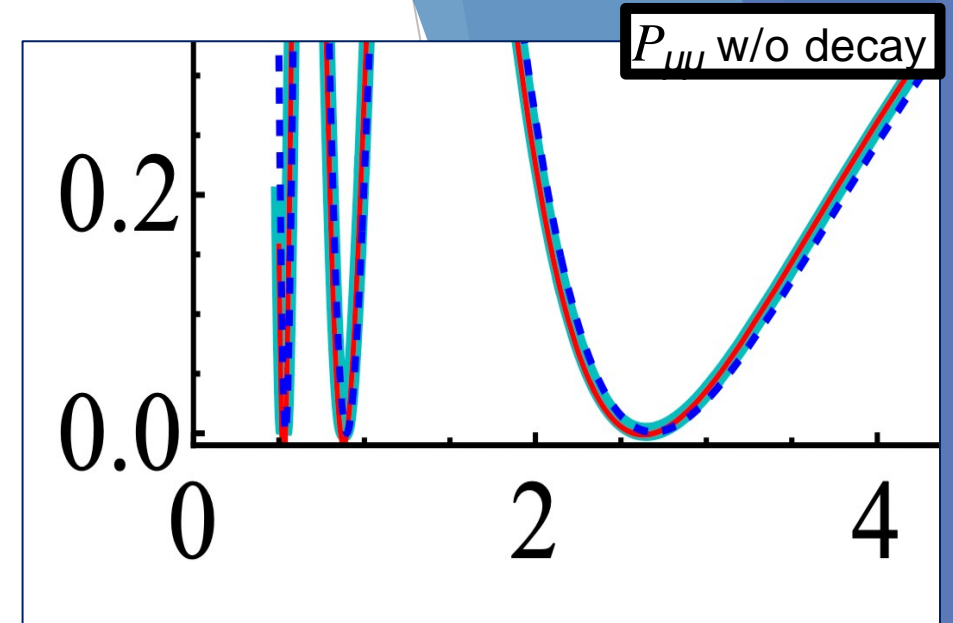


- Non-zero oscillation dip in spite of maximal mixing of  $\theta_{23} = 45^\circ$ .

# Analytical connection of $P_{\mu\mu}$ at dip to $\gamma_3$

$$P_{\mu\mu}(\text{first dip}) \simeq P_{\mu\mu}^{\text{leading}}(\Delta \simeq \pi/2) = \frac{1}{4} (1 - e^{-\pi\gamma_3})^2 \geq 0$$

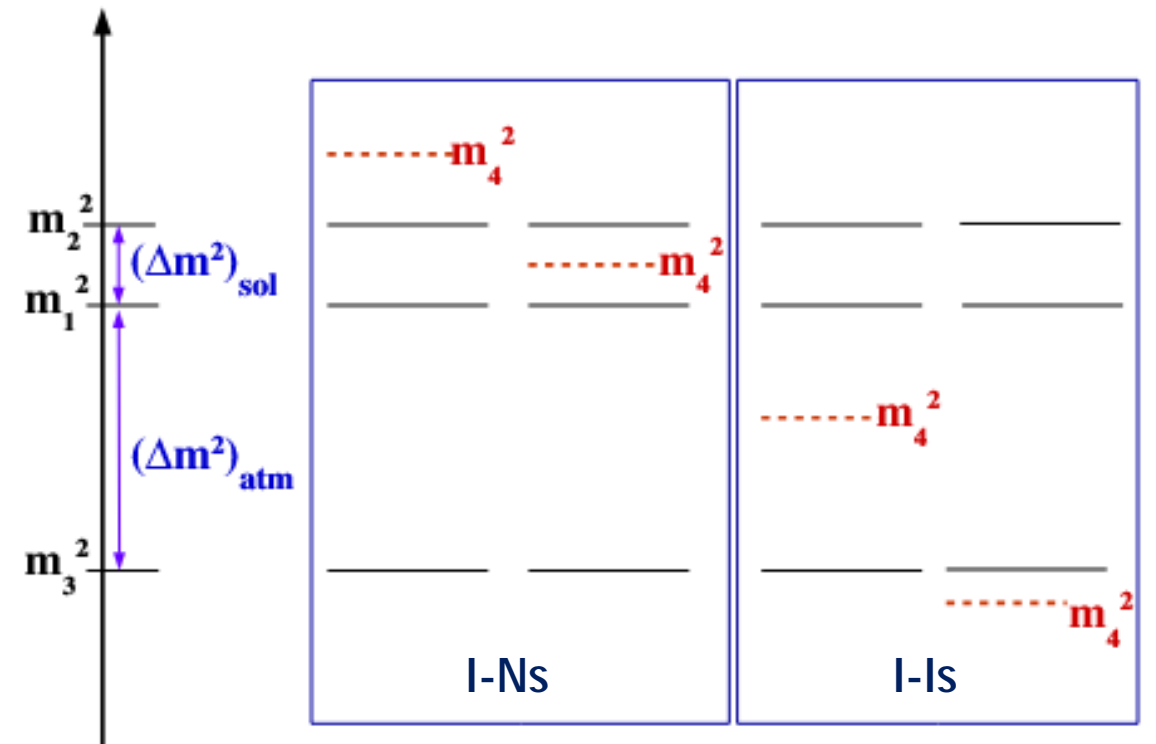
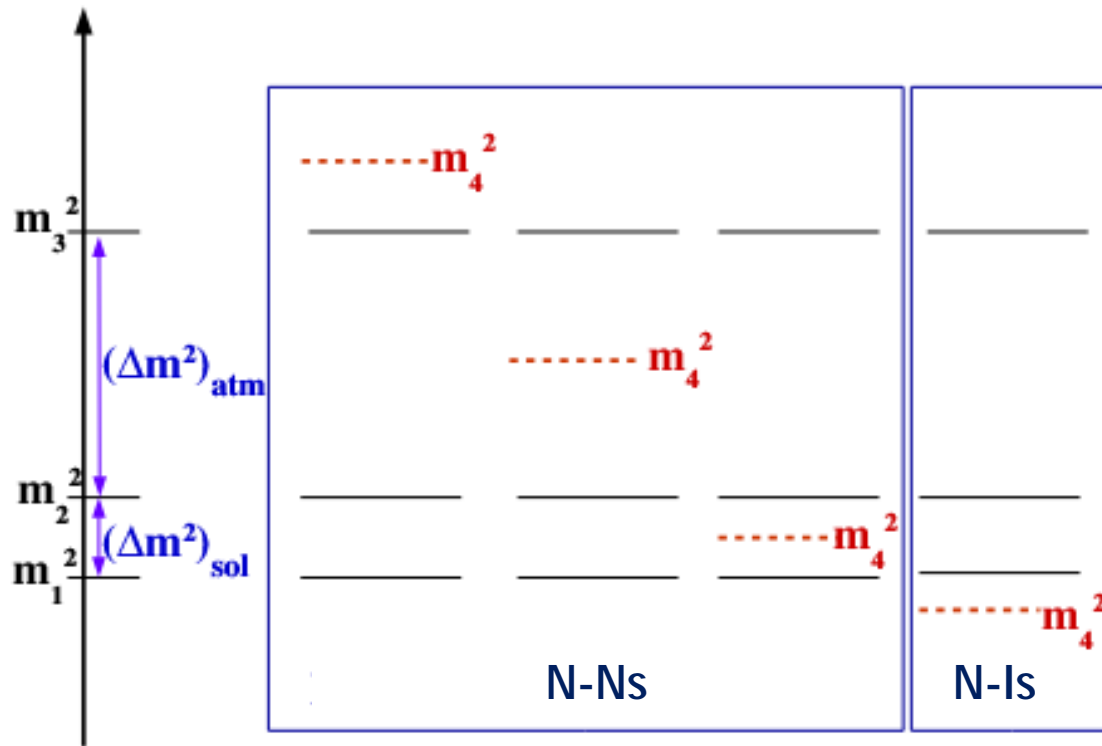
$$P_{\mu\mu}(\text{second dip}) \simeq P_{\mu\mu}^{\text{leading}}(\Delta \simeq 3\pi/2) \simeq \frac{1}{4} (1 - e^{-3\pi\gamma_3})^2 \geq 0$$



## 2. Sterile mass ordering

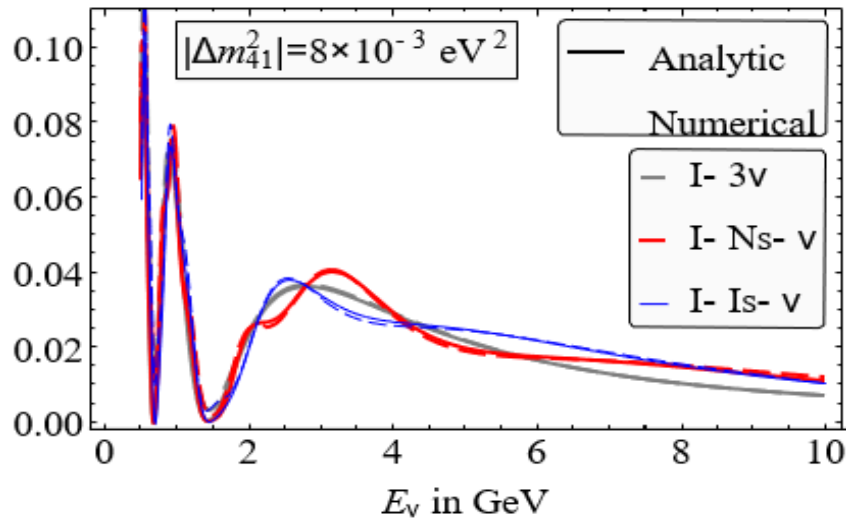
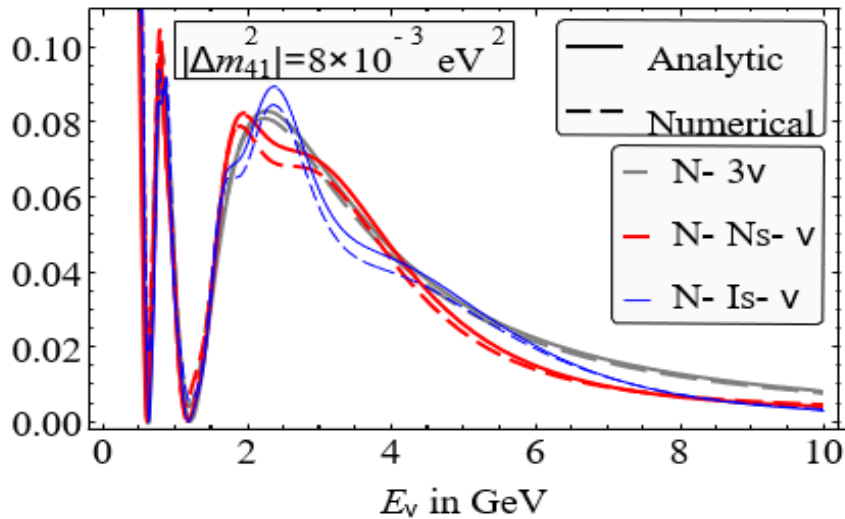
N vs I : sign of  $\Delta m_{31}^2$

Ns vs Is : sign of  $\Delta m_{41}^2$



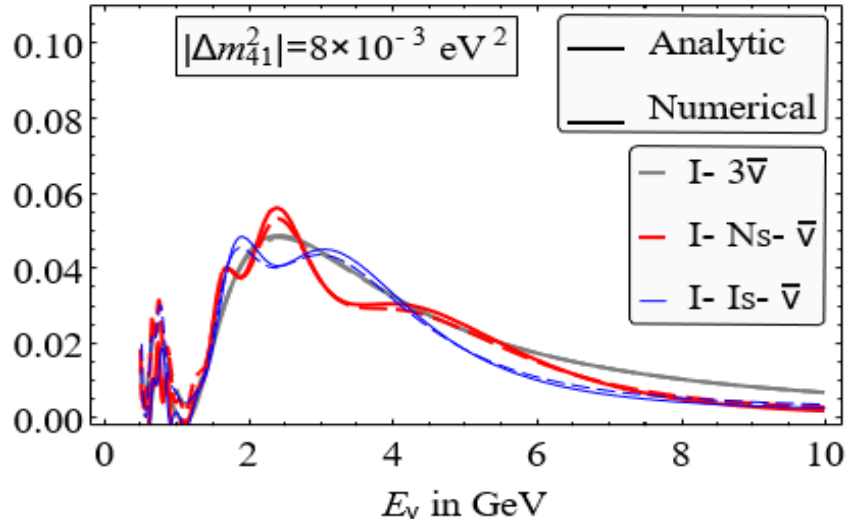
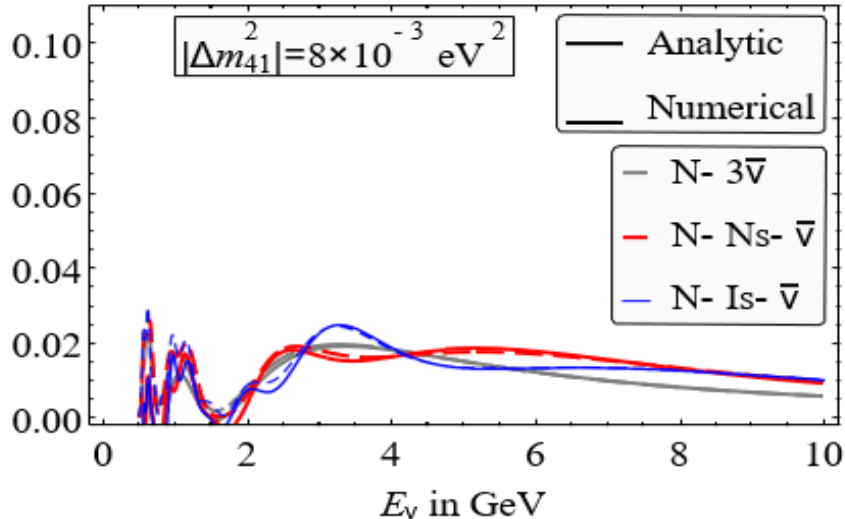
# Peaks and Dips at DUNE

$P_{\mu e}$



The effects of Mass Ordering in the Sterile sector is clearly visible.

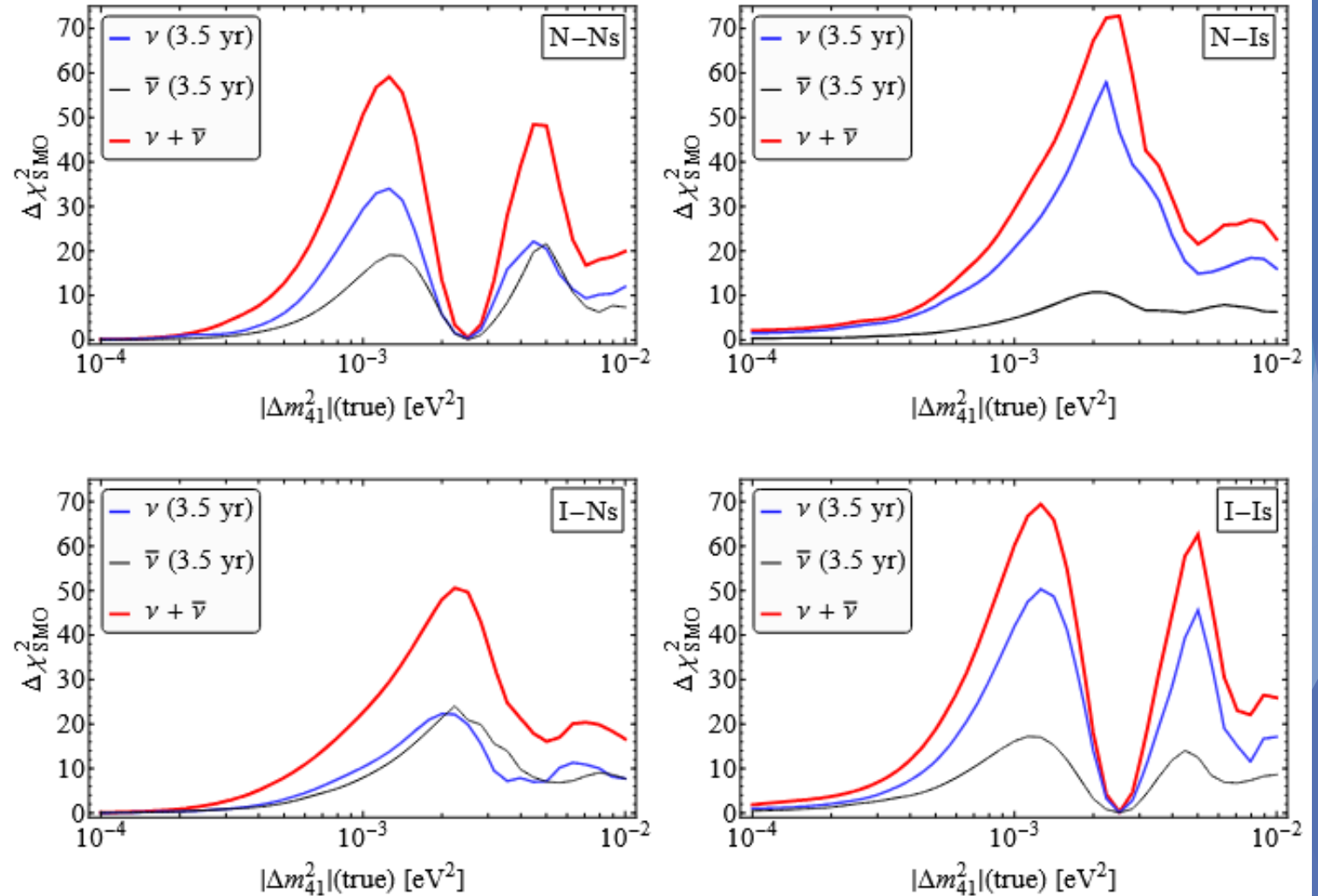
$P_{\bar{\mu} \bar{e}}$



# DUNE sensitivity to sterile mass ordering

DUNE is sensitive to sterile mass ordering in the range  
 $|\Delta m^2| \sim 10^{-4} - 10^{-2} \text{eV}^2$

All the features in this sensitivity plot can be analytically understood





### 3. Quantumness in neutrino oscillations

“Legett-Garg” measure:

$$C_{ij} \equiv \langle Q(t_i) Q(t_j) \rangle$$

$$K_3 = C_{01} + C_{12} - C_{02}$$

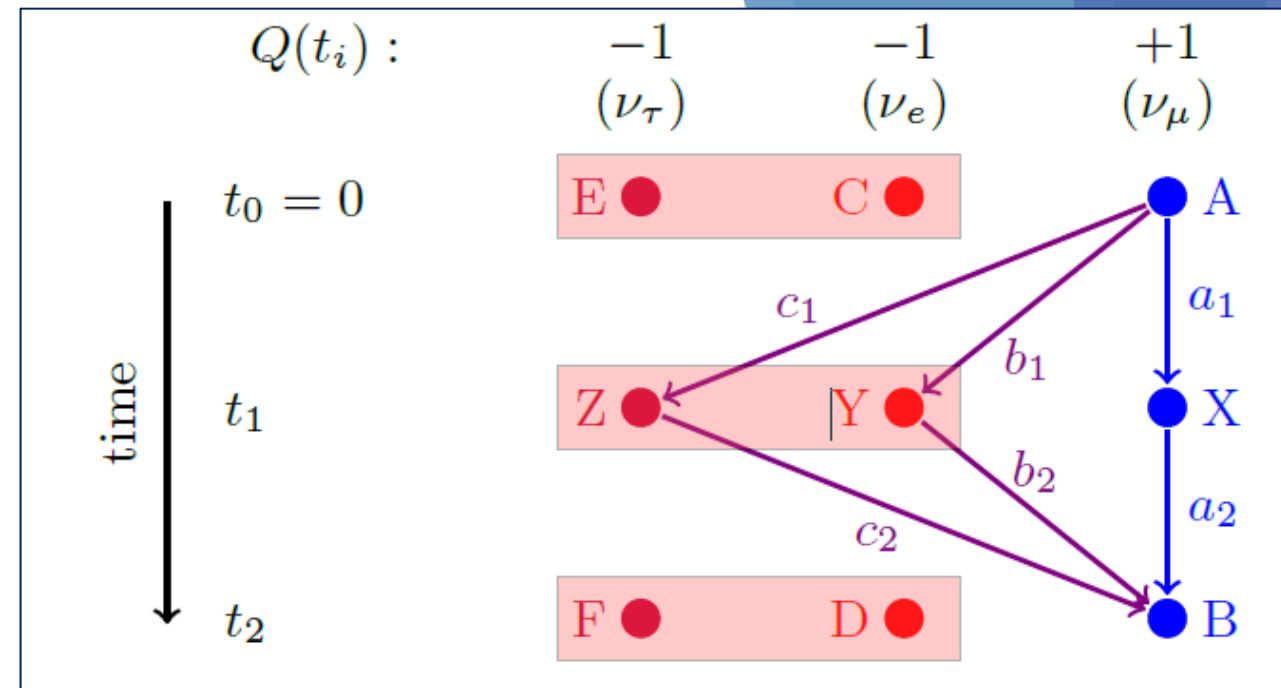
Classical:  $K_3 \leq 1$

$K_3 > 1 \Rightarrow$  Quantum

Three- $\nu$  generalization:

$$\widetilde{K}_3 = 2(P_{AX} + P_{XB} - P_{AB}) - 1$$

$\widetilde{K}_3 > 1 \Rightarrow$  Quantum



“Quantum mismatch” measure:

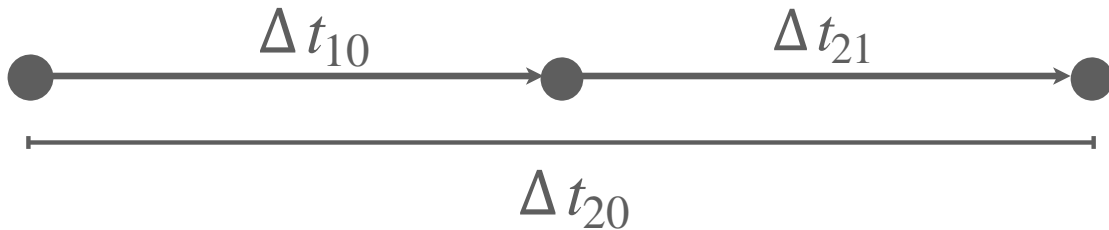
Survival probability should be the same with or without an intermediate observation

$$\widetilde{\delta P}_{\mu\mu} = P_{AB} - P_{AX} P_{XB} - (1 - P_{AX})(1 - P_{XB})$$

$\widetilde{\delta P}_{\mu\mu} > 0 \Rightarrow$  Quantum

# Energy as a proxy for intermediate time

- No one is funding such an experiment, **yet!**



- Different energies can be used as proxies for different baselines...

$$\Delta t_{10} + \Delta t_{21} = \Delta t_{20}$$

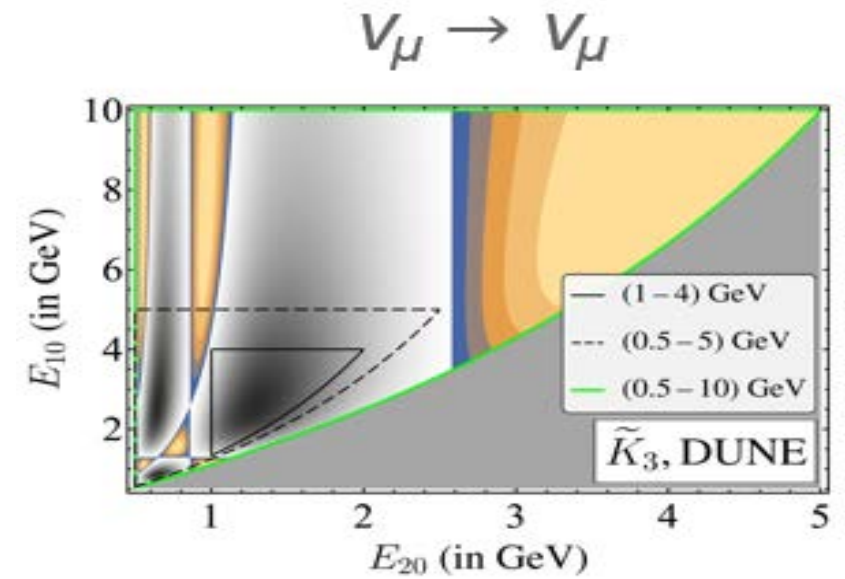
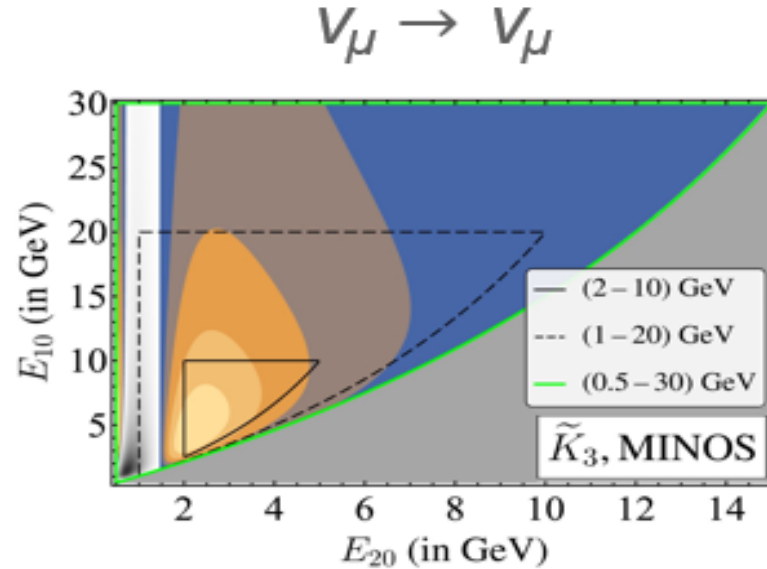


$$1/E_{10} + 1/E_{21} = 1/E_{20}$$

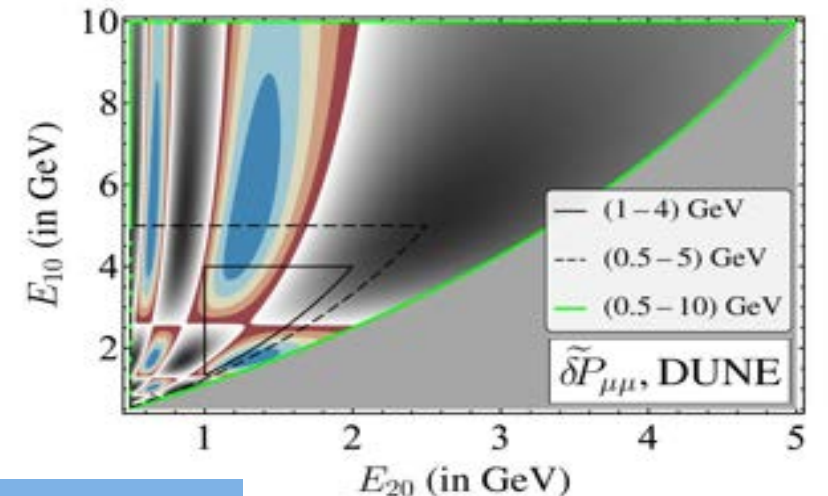
Using only  
**Special Relativity:**  
*L/E* dependence

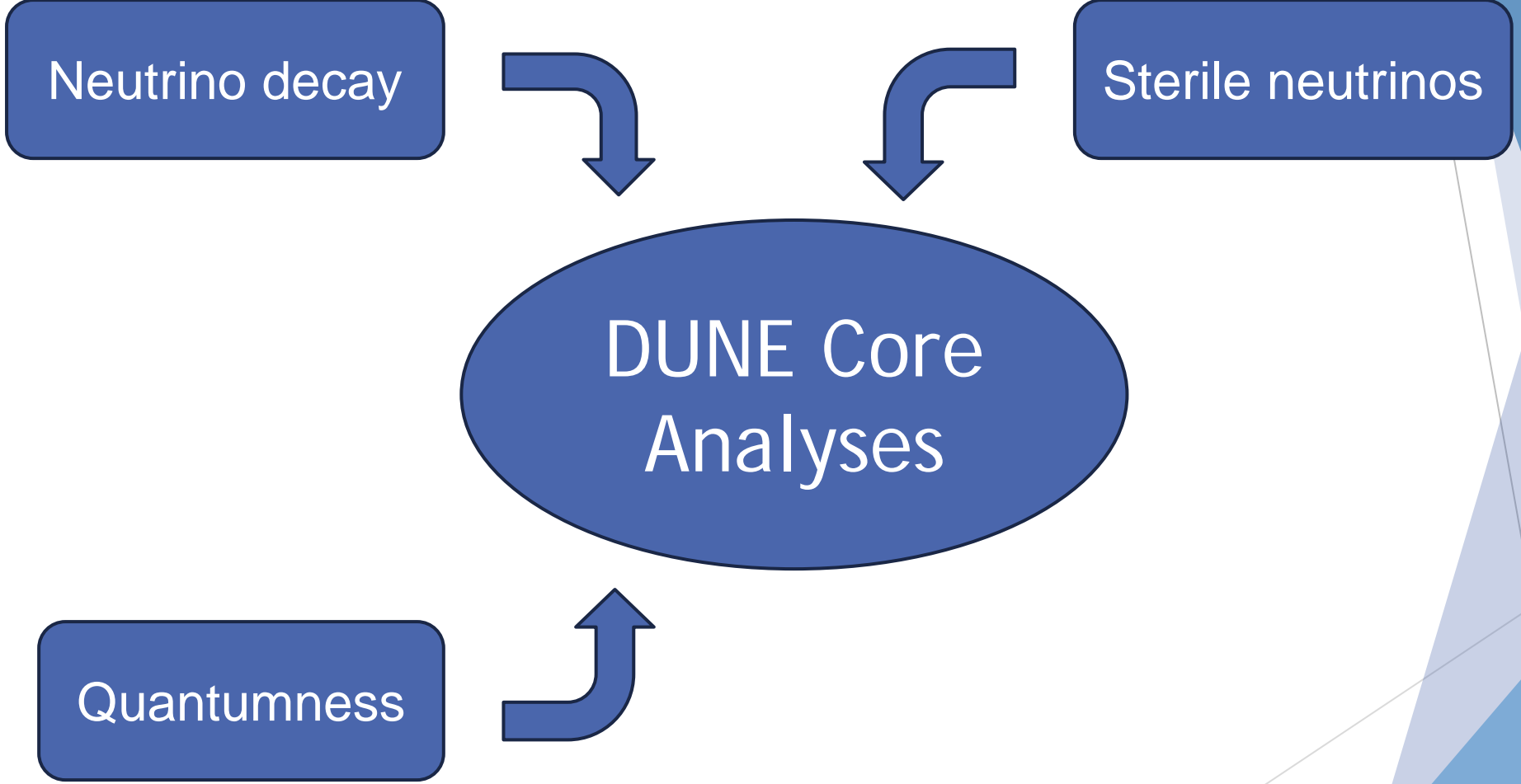
# Quantum measure suitable for DUNE

MINOS has an LG measurement, but hard for DUNE



“Quantum Mismatch” measure to the rescue:  
Possible to determine quantumness at DUNE !





Neutrino decay

Sterile neutrinos

DUNE Core  
Analyses

Quantumness