

# **Non-Standard Scenarios at DUNE**

**(DUNE-India Meeting, TIFR)**

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# Neutrino & Astro-Particle Physics ( $\nu$ APP ) Laboratory

Department of Physics, Tezpur University, Assam



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PI

## Research Interests:

- Neutrino Physics
- Detector Simulation & Instrumentation
- Cosmic Rays & Extensive Air Showers
- ML algorithms for Reconstruction in HEP Experiments



**Arnab**



**Dharitree**



**Priyankush**

Current Research Scholars  
(NS physics effects in neutrinos, ML)



**Abinash (Alumni)**

(PhD Thesis on NSI in neutrinos,  
detector simulation)

## Experimental Collaborations:

- Hyper-Kamiokande
- WCTE, IWCD
- GRAPES-3
- INO-ICAL

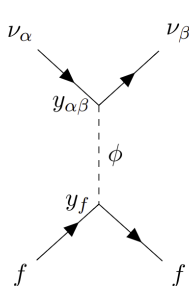
## Current Grants:

- DST-SERB(ANRF)  
CRG/2021/002961
- DST-JSPS Indo  
Japan Collaborative  
grant 2021

# Scalar Non-Standard Interaction

SNSI appears as medium-dependent correction to  $\nu$ -mass matrix:

$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{SNSI}} \approx \mathbf{E}_\nu + \frac{(\mathbf{M} + \delta\mathbf{M})(\mathbf{M} + \delta\mathbf{M})^\dagger}{2\mathbf{E}_\nu} \pm \mathbf{V}_{\text{SI}} \quad \delta\mathbf{M} = \sum_{\mathbf{f}} \frac{\mathbf{n}_{\mathbf{f}} \mathbf{y}_{\mathbf{f}} \mathbf{Y}_{\alpha\beta}}{\mathbf{m}_\phi^2} = \mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{m}} \begin{pmatrix} \eta_{ee} & \eta_{e\mu} & \eta_{e\tau} \\ \eta_{e\mu}^* & \eta_{\mu\mu} & \eta_{\mu\tau} \\ \eta_{e\tau}^* & \eta_{\mu\tau}^* & \eta_{\tau\tau} \end{pmatrix}$$

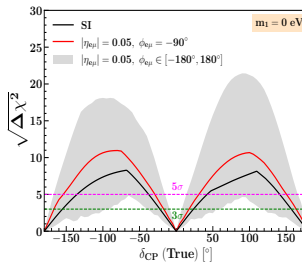
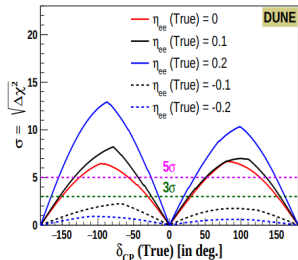
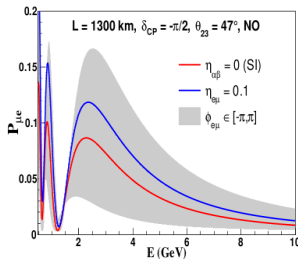
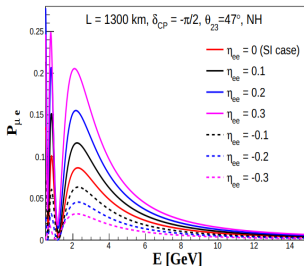


$$P_{\mu e}^{(\eta_{ee})} = \left[ 2s_{13} \sin 2\theta_{12} \sin 2\theta_{23} \cos(\delta_{\text{CP}} + \Delta) \frac{\sin[(A_e - 1)\Delta]}{A_e - 1} \frac{\sin[A_e \Delta]}{A_e} (\mathbf{m}_2 - \mathbf{m}_1) \right. \\ \left. + 2\alpha c_{23}^2 \sin^2(2\theta_{12}) \frac{\sin^2[A_e \Delta]}{A_e^2} (\mathbf{m}_2 - \mathbf{m}_1) + 8s_{13}^2 s_{23}^2 \frac{\sin[(A_e - 1)\Delta]}{A_e - 1} \left( \frac{\sin[(A_e - 1)\Delta]}{A_e - 1} \mathbf{m}_3 \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{A_e - 1} \left[ 2\Delta \cos[(A_e - 1)\Delta] - (A_e + 1) \frac{\sin[(A_e - 1)\Delta]}{A_e - 1} \right] \times (\mathbf{m}_1 c_{12}^2 + \mathbf{m}_2 s_{12}^2) + \dots \right] \times \left( \frac{S_m}{\Delta m_{31}^2} \right) \eta_{ee}.$$

- Probability has three different absolute mass-dependent terms:
  - **mass summation terms:**  $(m_1 + m_2), (m_1 c_{12}^2 + m_2 s_{12}^2) / (m_1 s_{12}^2 + m_2 c_{12}^2)$
  - **mass difference term:**  $(m_2 - m_1)$
  - **$m_3$  term**

# CPV sensitivity at DUNE

- Positive (negative)  $\eta_{ee}$  enhances (suppresses) oscillation probability.
- CP violation sensitivity mostly gotv enhanced (suppressed) in the presence of  $\eta_{ee}$ .
- Presence of off-diagonal  $\eta_{e\mu}$ , suppresses  $P_{\mu e}$ .  $\phi_{e\mu}$  has significant impact.
- Enhancement in sensitivity if SNSI phase  $\phi_{e\mu}$  is fixed at  $-90^\circ$ .



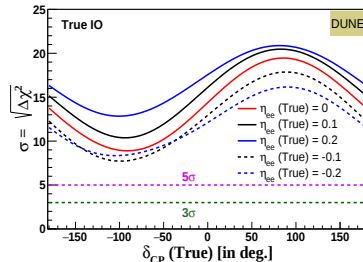
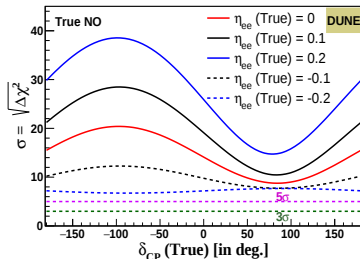
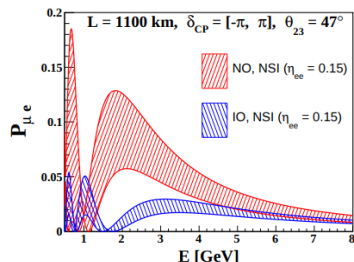
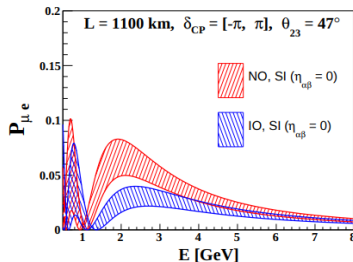
A. Medhi et al., JHEP 06 (2022) 129

A Medhi et al., JHEP 01 (2023) 079

A. Sarker et. al., arXiv:2406.15307

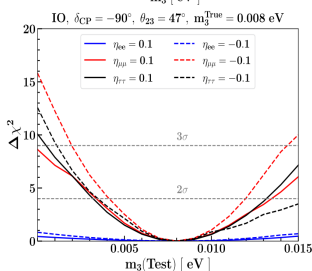
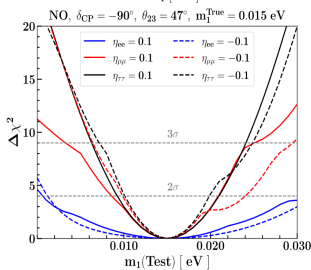
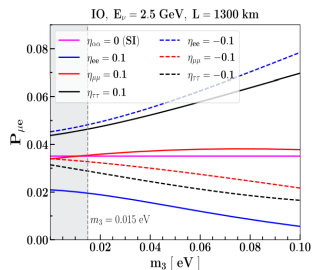
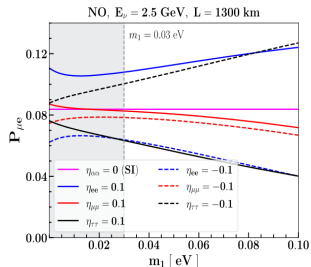
# MO Sensitivity at DUNE

- DUNE baseline can distinguish NO and IO in the standard scenario.
- Presence of  $\eta_{ee}$  widens the separation.
- For true NO, positive (negative)  $\eta_{ee}$  enhance (suppress) MO sensitivities.



# Absolute Mass Dependence of SNSI

- With increase in the strength of SNSI parameter dependency on the neutrino masses becomes more prominent for both NO and IO.
- **NO:**  $m_l$  constrained at  $3\sigma$  for positive and negative  $\eta_{\mu\mu}$ ,  $\eta_{\tau\tau}$ ; weak for  $\eta_{ee}$ .
- **IO:** Constraints at  $2\sigma$  for for positive and negative  $\eta_{\mu\mu}$ ,  $\eta_{\tau\tau}$ ;  $\eta_{ee}$  weaker.



# Lorentz Invariance Violation

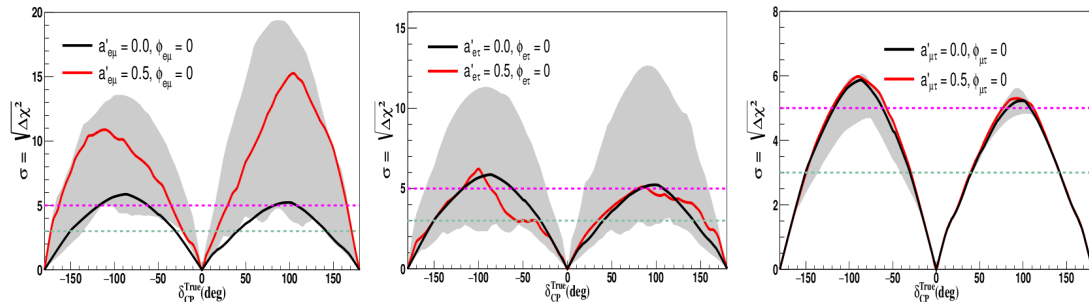
- LIV introduces new effects in neutrino oscillations, beyond the Standard Model.
- The effective Hamiltonian including Lorentz Invariance Violation (LIV) contributions is given by:

$$\begin{aligned} H_{\text{eff}} &= H_{\text{vacuum}} + H_{\text{matter}} + H_{\text{LIV}} \\ &= \frac{1}{2E} U \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \Delta m_{21}^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \Delta m_{31}^2 \end{pmatrix} U^\dagger + V_{CC} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ &\quad + \begin{pmatrix} a_{ee} & a_{e\mu} & a_{e\tau} \\ a_{e\mu}^* & a_{\mu\mu} & a_{\mu\tau} \\ a_{e\tau}^* & a_{\mu\tau}^* & a_{\tau\tau} \end{pmatrix} - \frac{4}{3} E \begin{pmatrix} c_{ee} & c_{e\mu} & c_{e\tau} \\ c_{e\mu}^* & c_{\mu\mu} & c_{\mu\tau} \\ c_{e\tau}^* & c_{\mu\tau}^* & c_{\tau\tau} \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

where:

- $a_{\alpha\beta}$  ( $\equiv |a_{\alpha\beta}|e^{i\phi_{\alpha\beta}}$ ) are the CPT-violating LIV terms.
- $c_{\alpha\beta}$  ( $\equiv |c_{\alpha\beta}|e^{i\phi_{\alpha\beta}}$ ) are the CPT-conserving LIV terms.

# CPV Sensitivity in Presence of LIV



- Presence of  $a_{e\mu}$  shows an improvement in the sensitivity for the entire  $\delta_{CP}$  range. Significant impact of  $\phi_{e\mu}$ .
- For  $a_{e\tau}, a_{\mu\tau}$ ; the effect on sensitivity is nominal when  $\phi_{\alpha\beta} = 0^\circ$ .

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## Possible Future Contribution to DUNE

- Further exploration of new physics effects
- Detector simulation (GEANT4) & instrumentation
- Data Analysis, ML for reconstruction and physics studies

## Publications related to DUNE

- A. Medhi et al., JHEP 06 (2022) 129
- A Medhi et al., JHEP 01 (2023) 079
- A. Sarker, et. al., EPJC 83 (2023) 592
- A. Sarker, et. al., JHEP 06 (2024) 128
- A. Medhi et al., EPJC 85 (2025) 380
- D. Bezboruah et al., JHEP 12 (2025) 222
- A. Sarker et. al., arXiv:2406.15307 [Under Review]

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*Thank you for the kind attention!*